

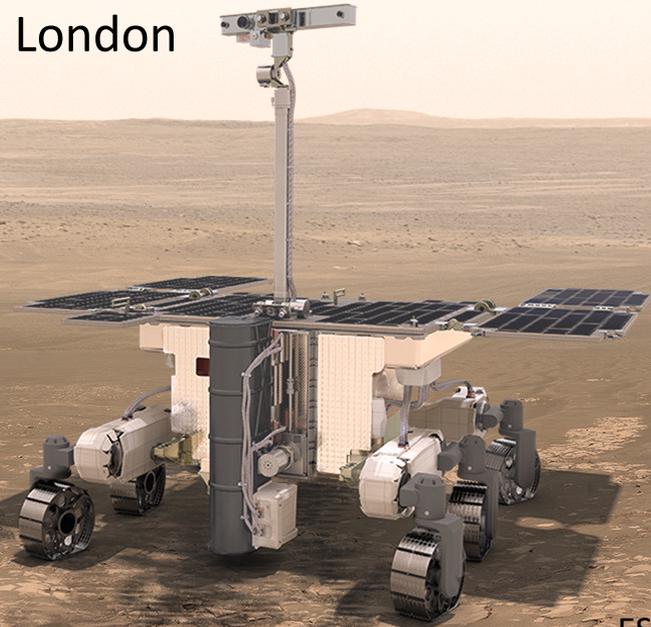
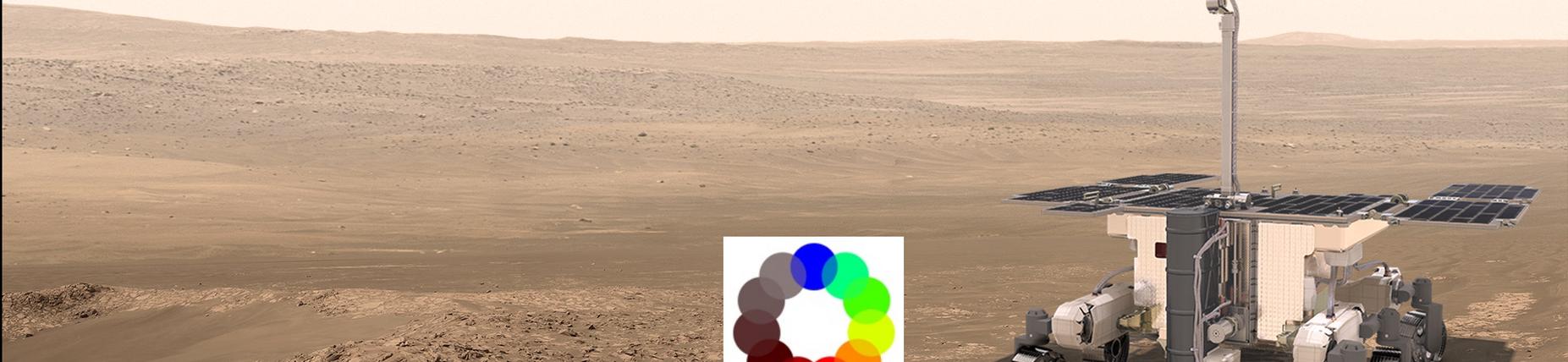


UCL

Mars Missions 2021: Early Discoveries Mars

Andrew Coates

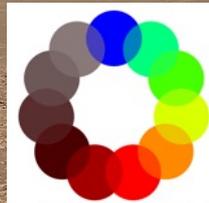
Mullard Space Science Laboratory, University College London



www.ucl.ac.uk/mssl



@exomarspancam



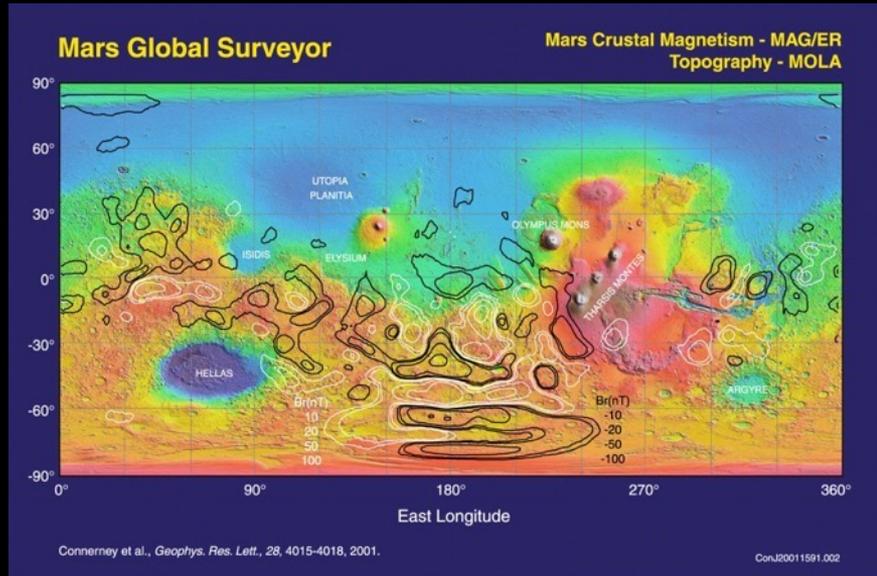
ESA



Mars 3.8 by ago



Water on surface



Magnetic field

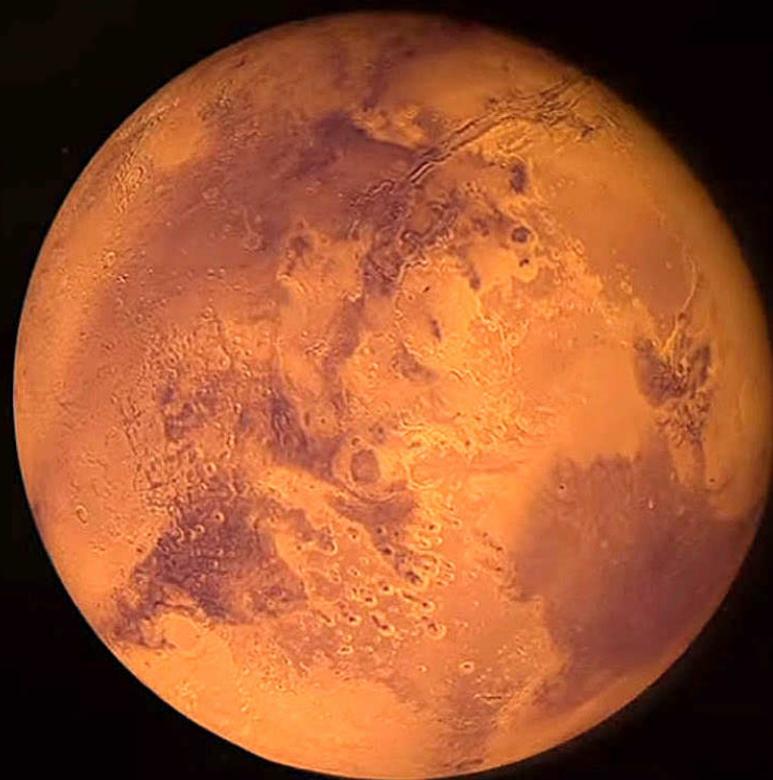
Volcanism



Mars 3.8 billion years ago



Mars now





Requirements for life

Liquid water

Essential elements (C, H, N, O, P, S)

Source of heat

Time



NASA

Early Mars?

Missions to Mars

UAE

Hope orbiter (2021)

China

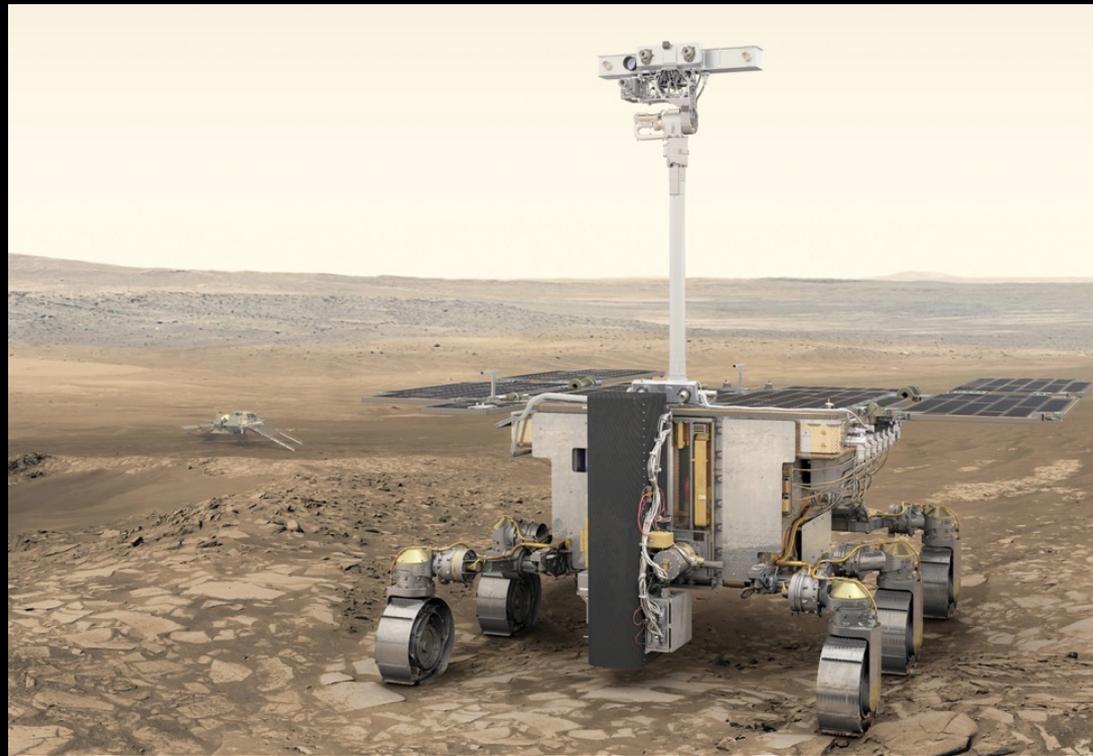
Tianwen-1 orbiter
& Zhurong rover (2021)

NASA

Perseverance + Ingenuity (2021)

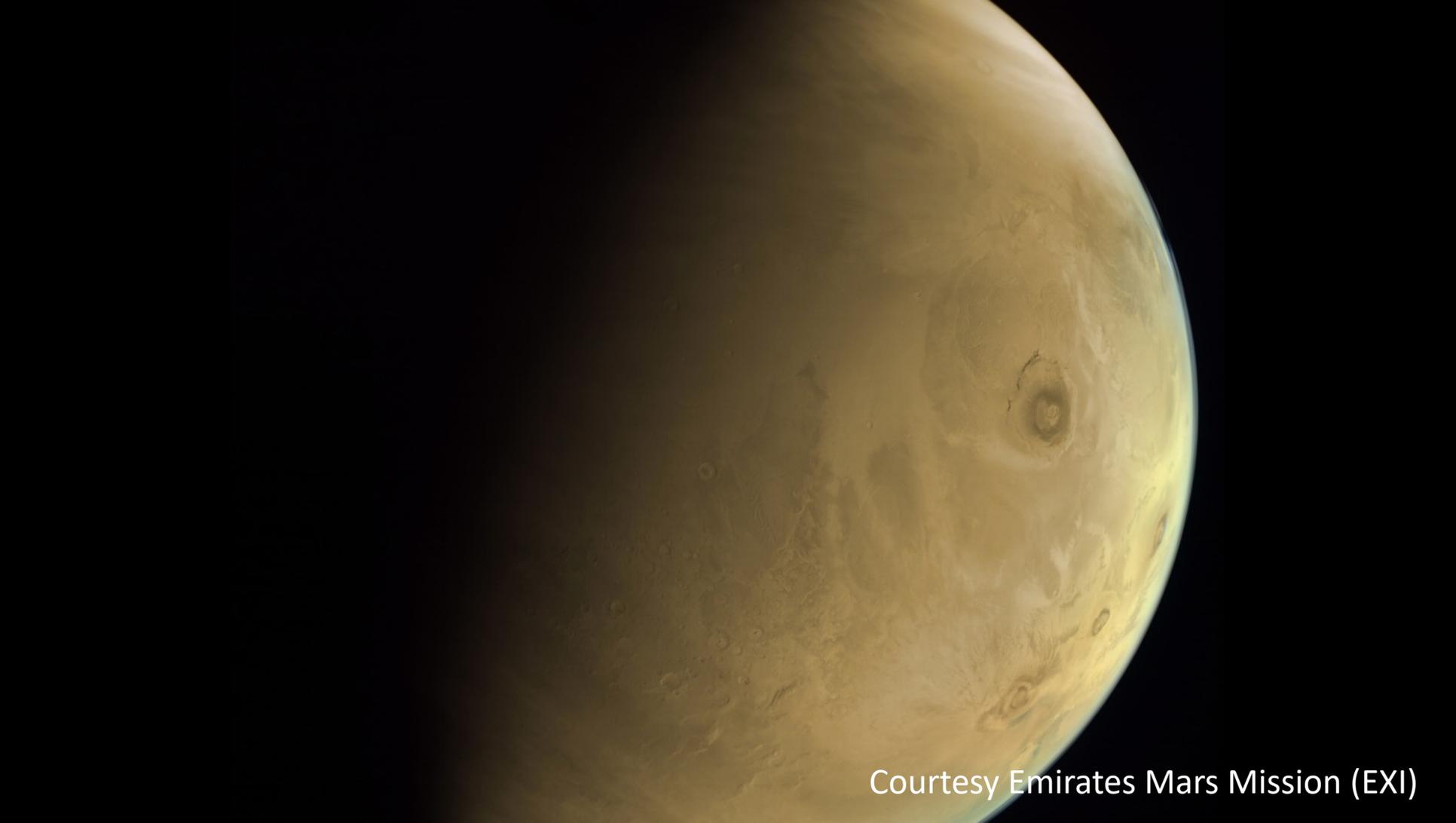
ESA-Russia

Rosalind Franklin
(ExoMars) rover (launch 2022)



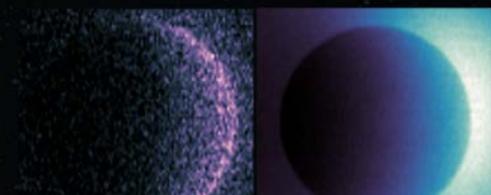
ESA

Also operating: Mars Odyssey, Mars Express, MRO, MSL (Curiosity),
Mars Orbiter Mission, Maven, ExoMars TGO, Insight



Courtesy Emirates Mars Mission (EXI)

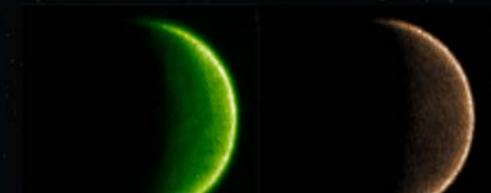
MARS AS VIEWED BY THE EMIRATES MARS ULTRAVIOLET SPECTROMETER



102.6 nm

121.6 nm

Hydrogen



130.4 nm

135.6 nm

Oxygen



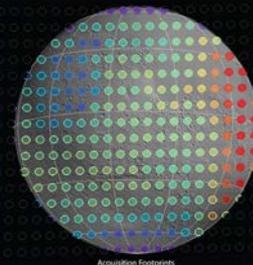
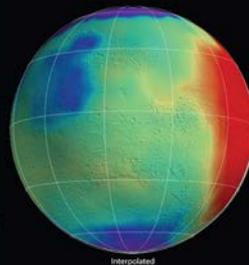
140 -160 nm

Carbon Monoxide

EMIRATES MARS MISSION / EMUS

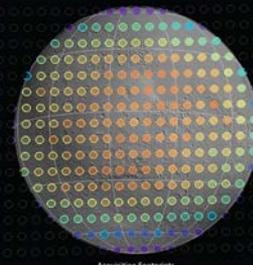
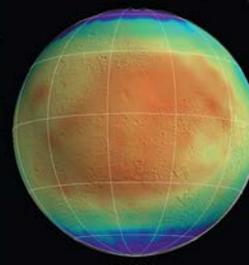
MARS AS VIEWED BY THE EMIRATES MARS INFRARED SPECTROMETER

Surface temperature



-63
-73
-83
-93
-103
-113
-123
Celsius

Atmospheric temperature



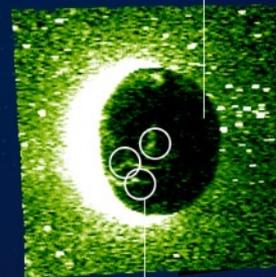
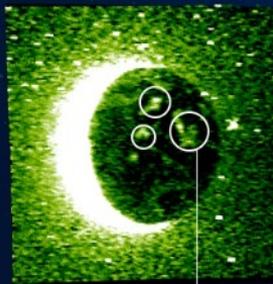
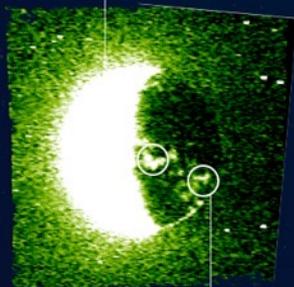
-88
-93
-98
-103
-108
-113
Celsius

EMIRATES MARS MISSION / EMIRS



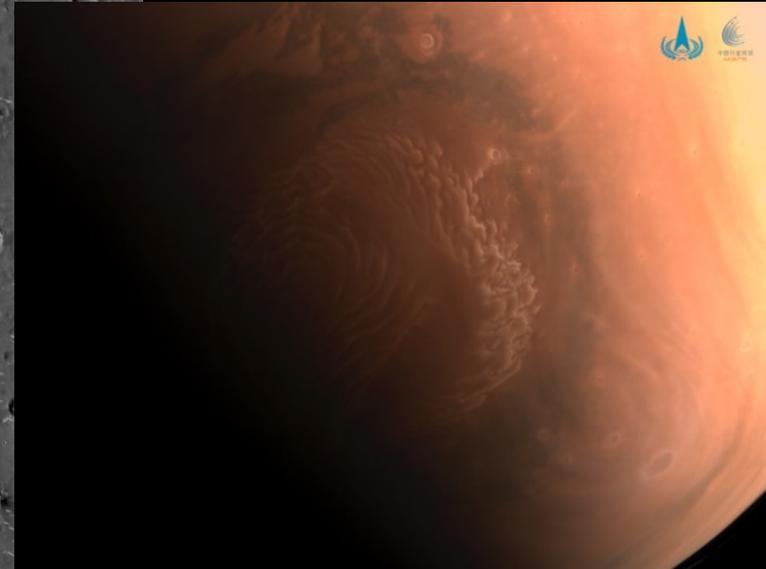
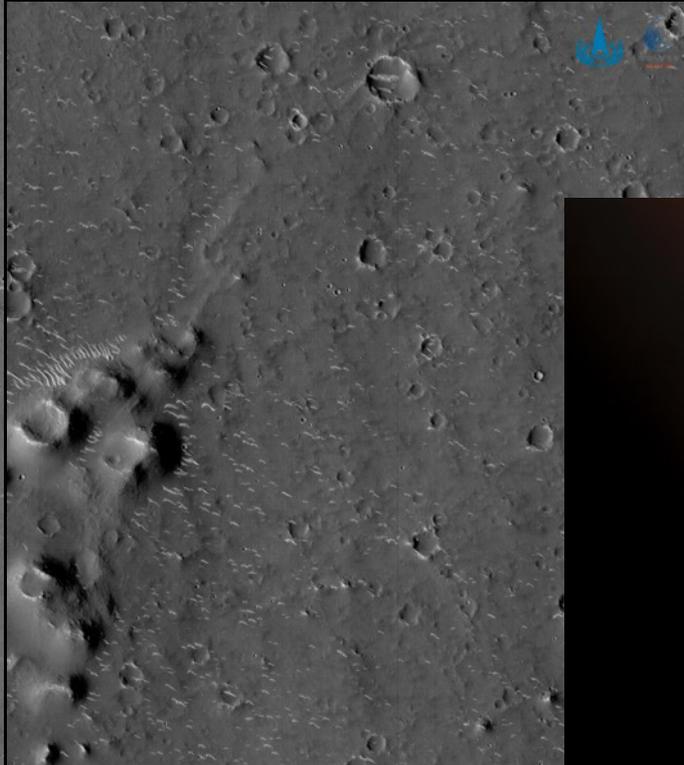
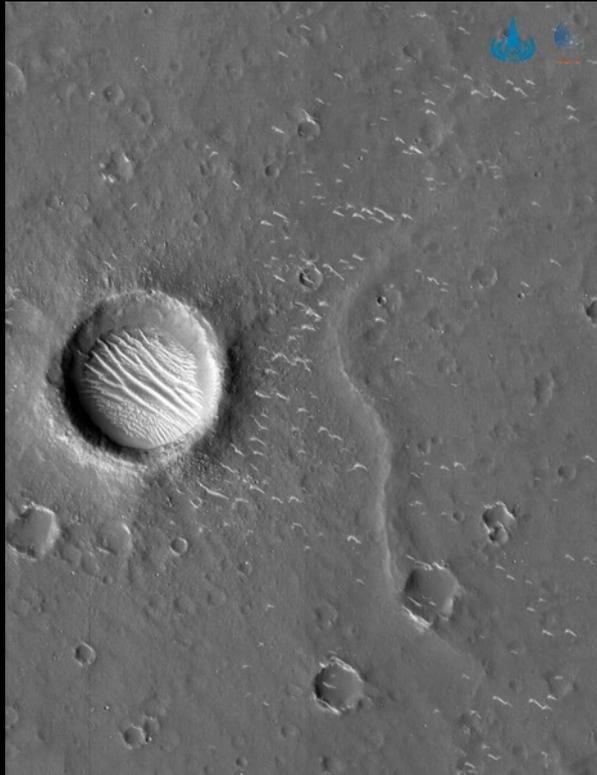
Day side of Mars

Night side of Mars

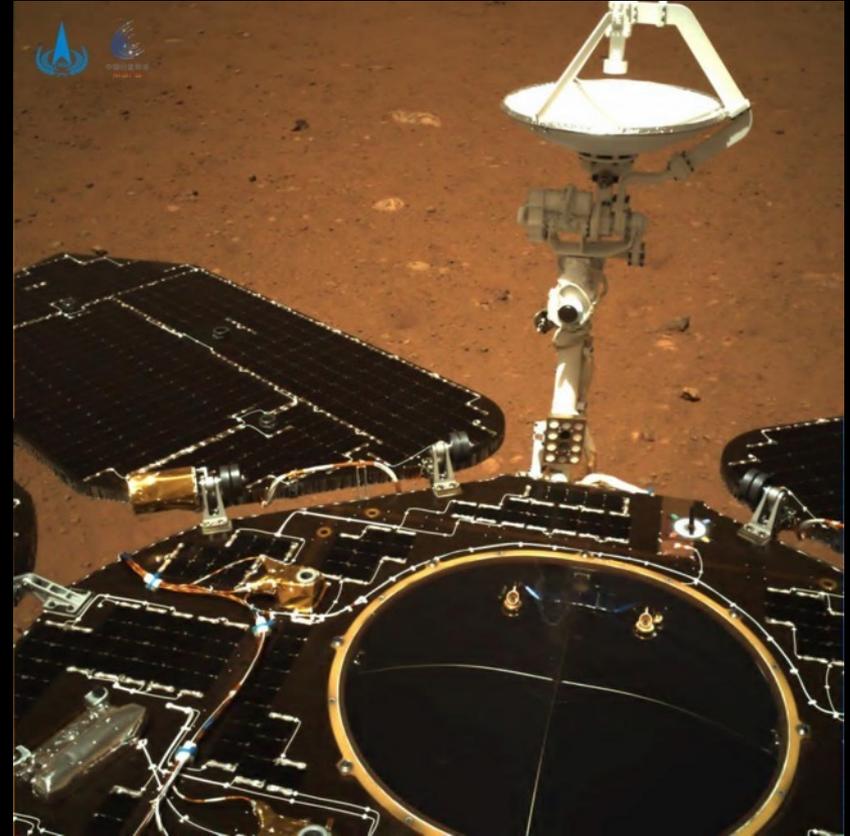
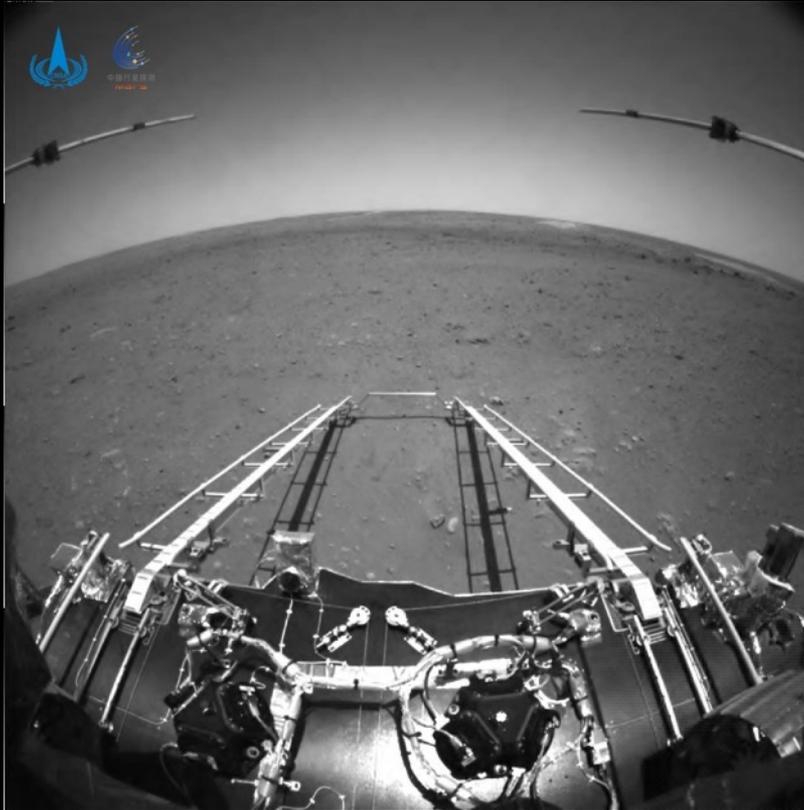


Discrete Aurora

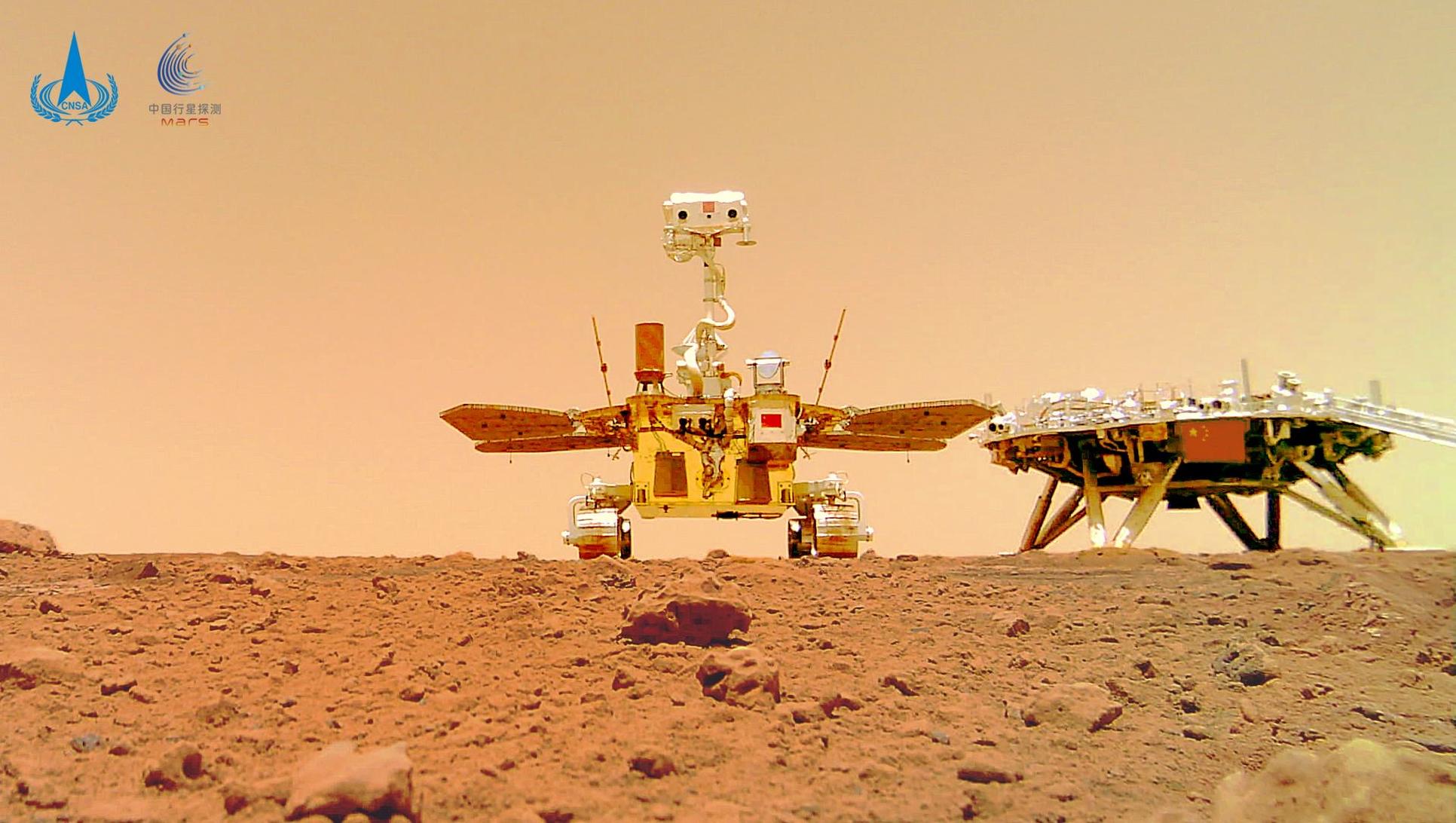
- Images from Tianwen-1 at Mars
Courtesy CNSA, 4 March 2021



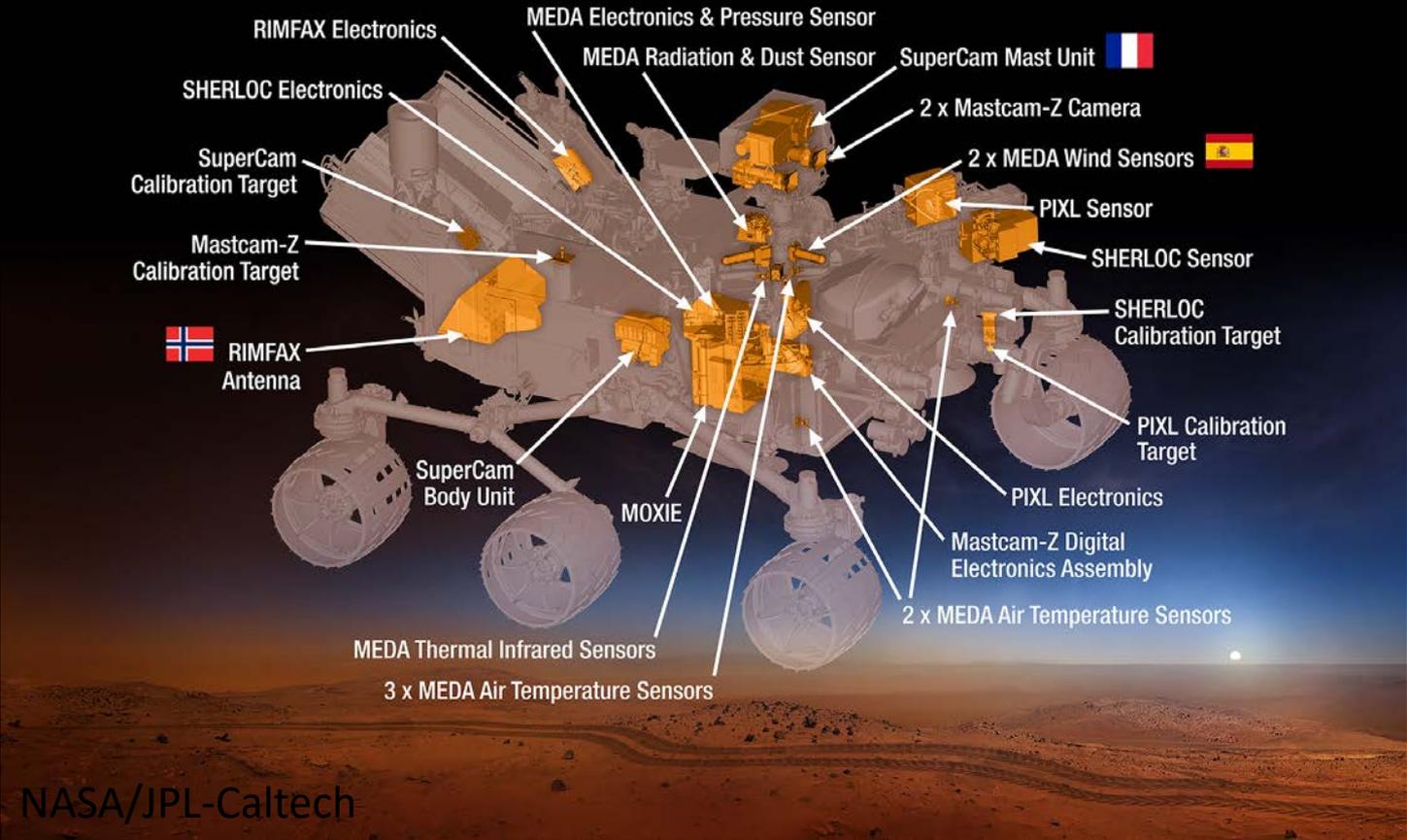
- Images from Zhurong rover on Mars
Courtesy CNSA, 19 May 2021 (landed 15 May 2021)

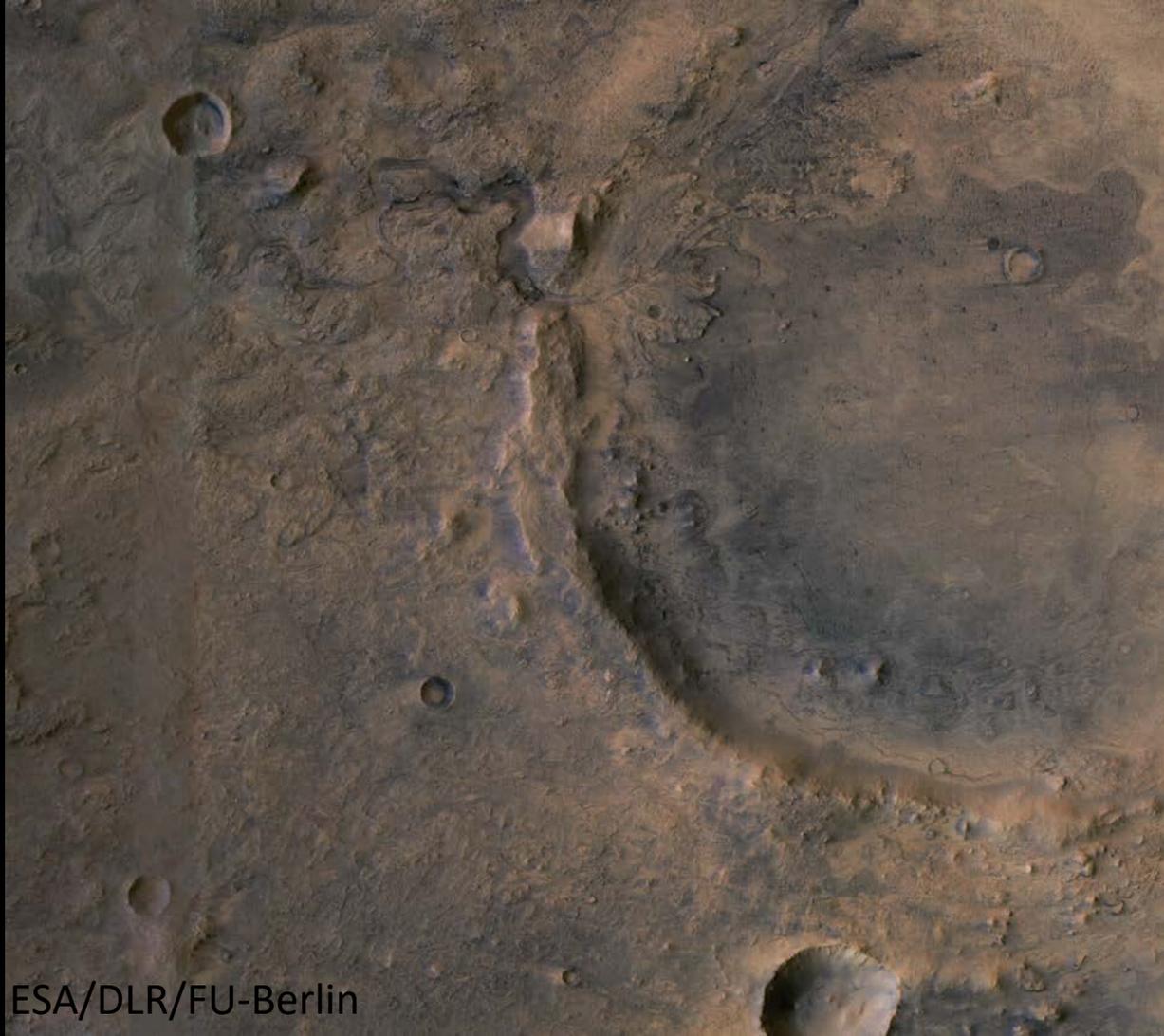






Mars 2020 Rover

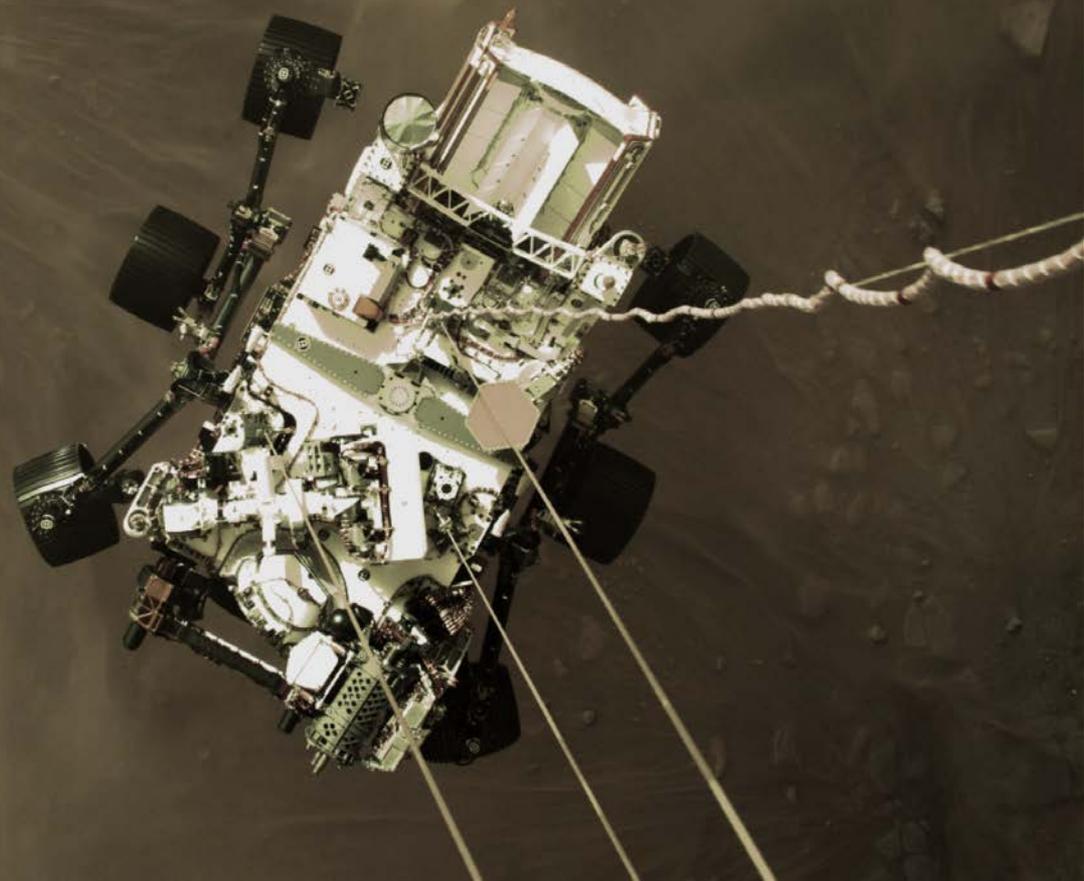




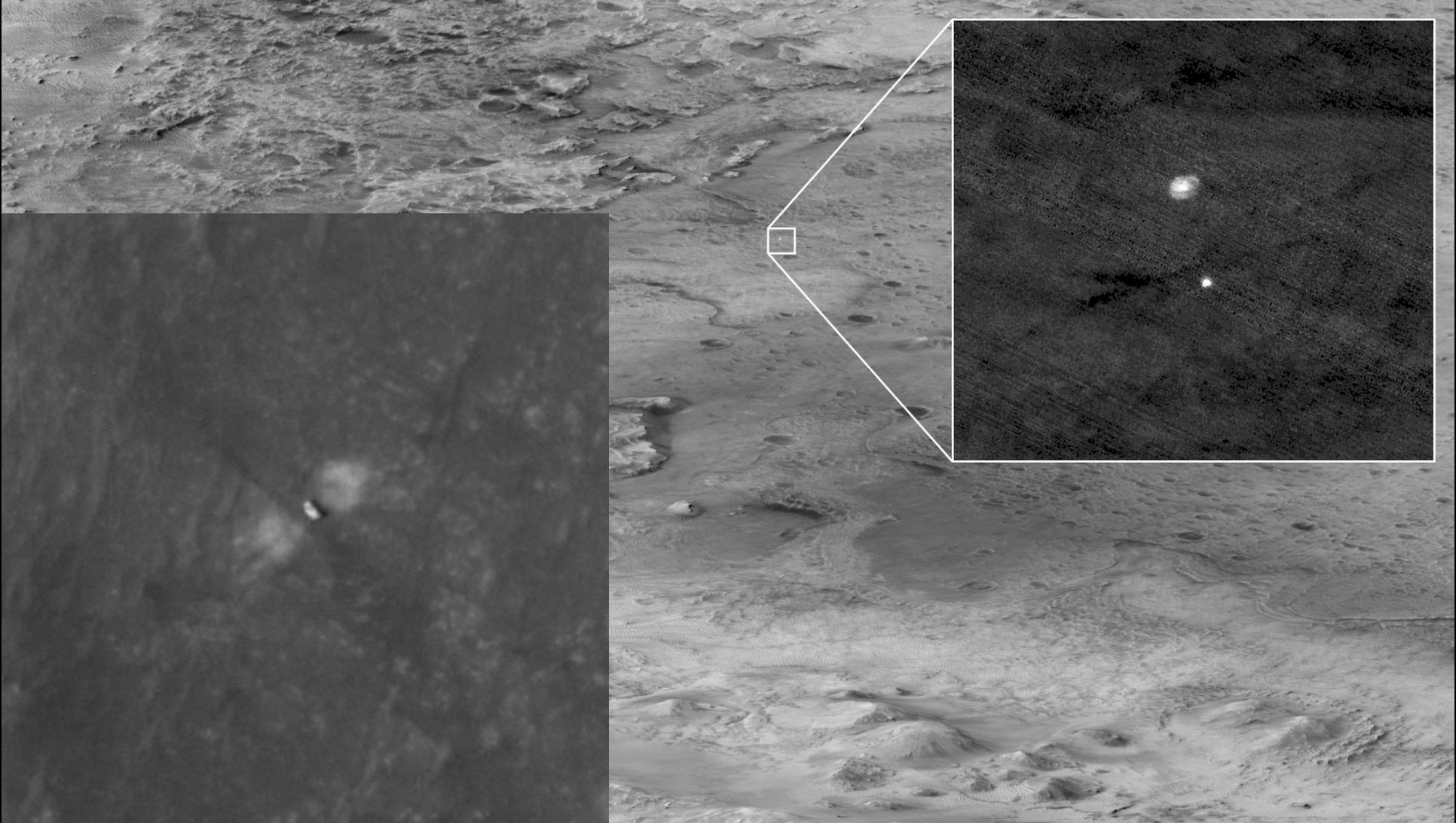
ESA/DLR/FU-Berlin

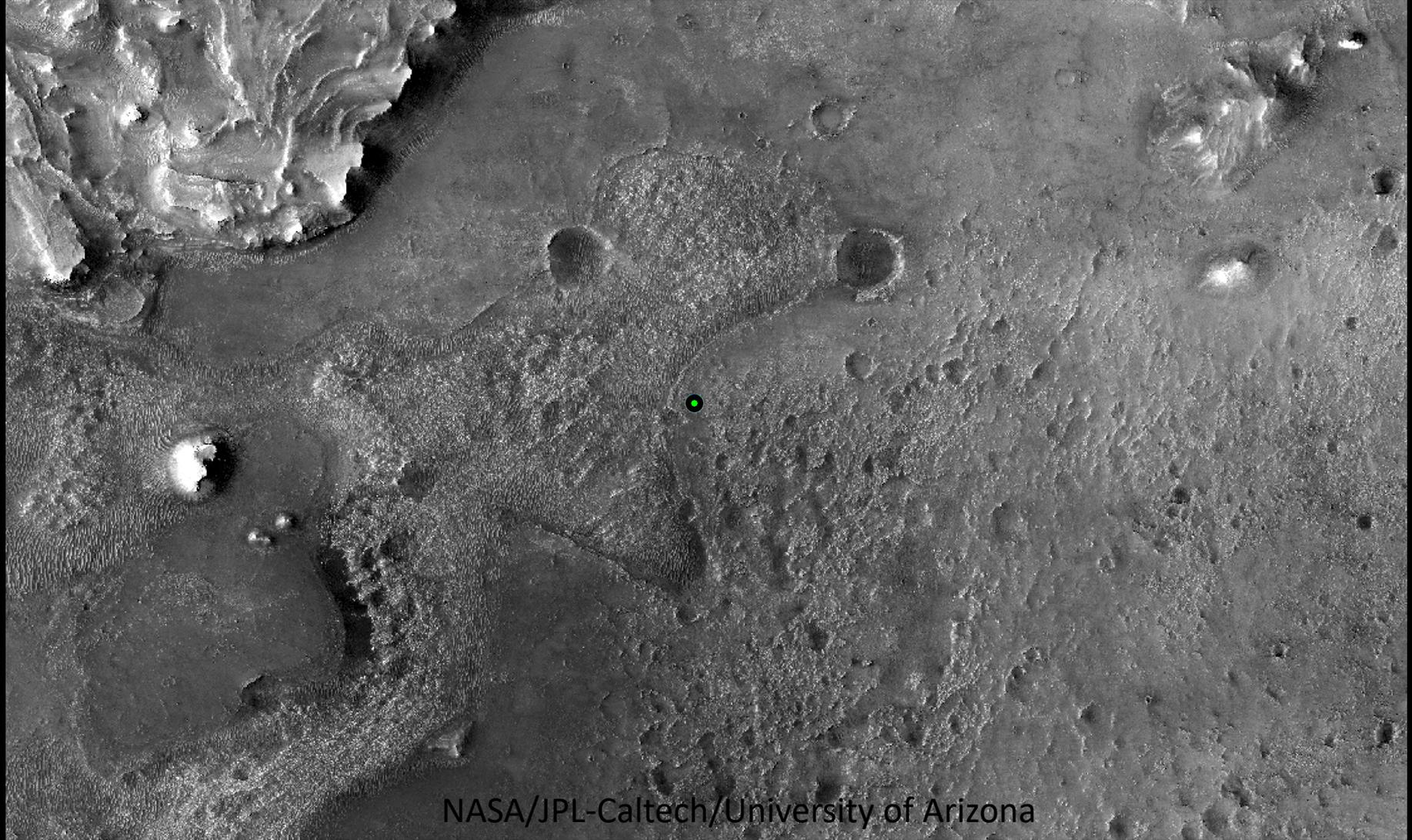


**Mars Perseverance
Landing Site**
4.8 mi x 4.1 mi
7.7 km x 6.6 km



NASA/JPL-Caltech





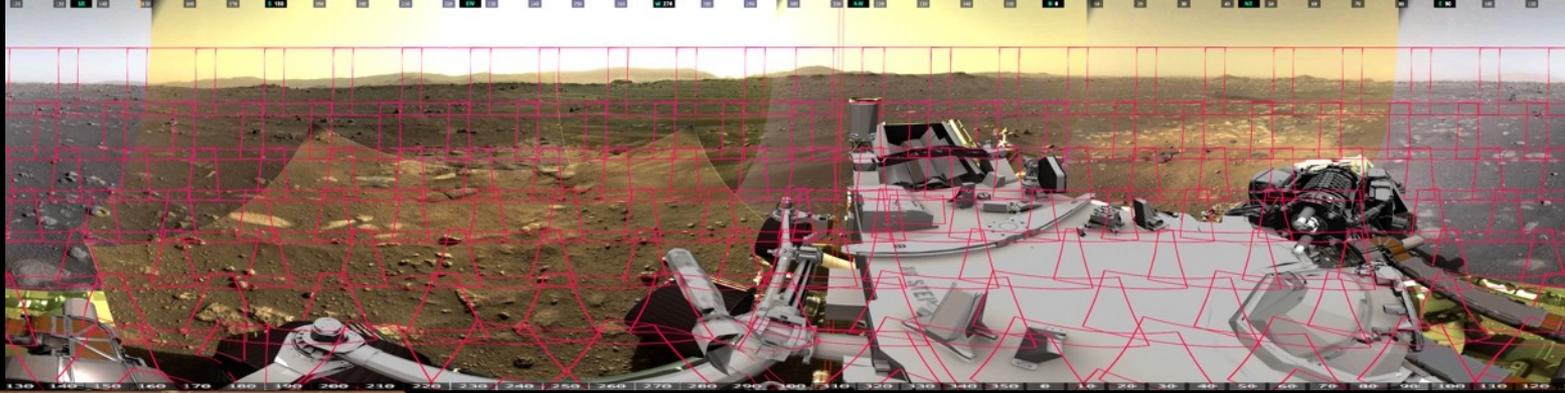
NASA/JPL-Caltech/University of Arizona



Mastcam-Z NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS

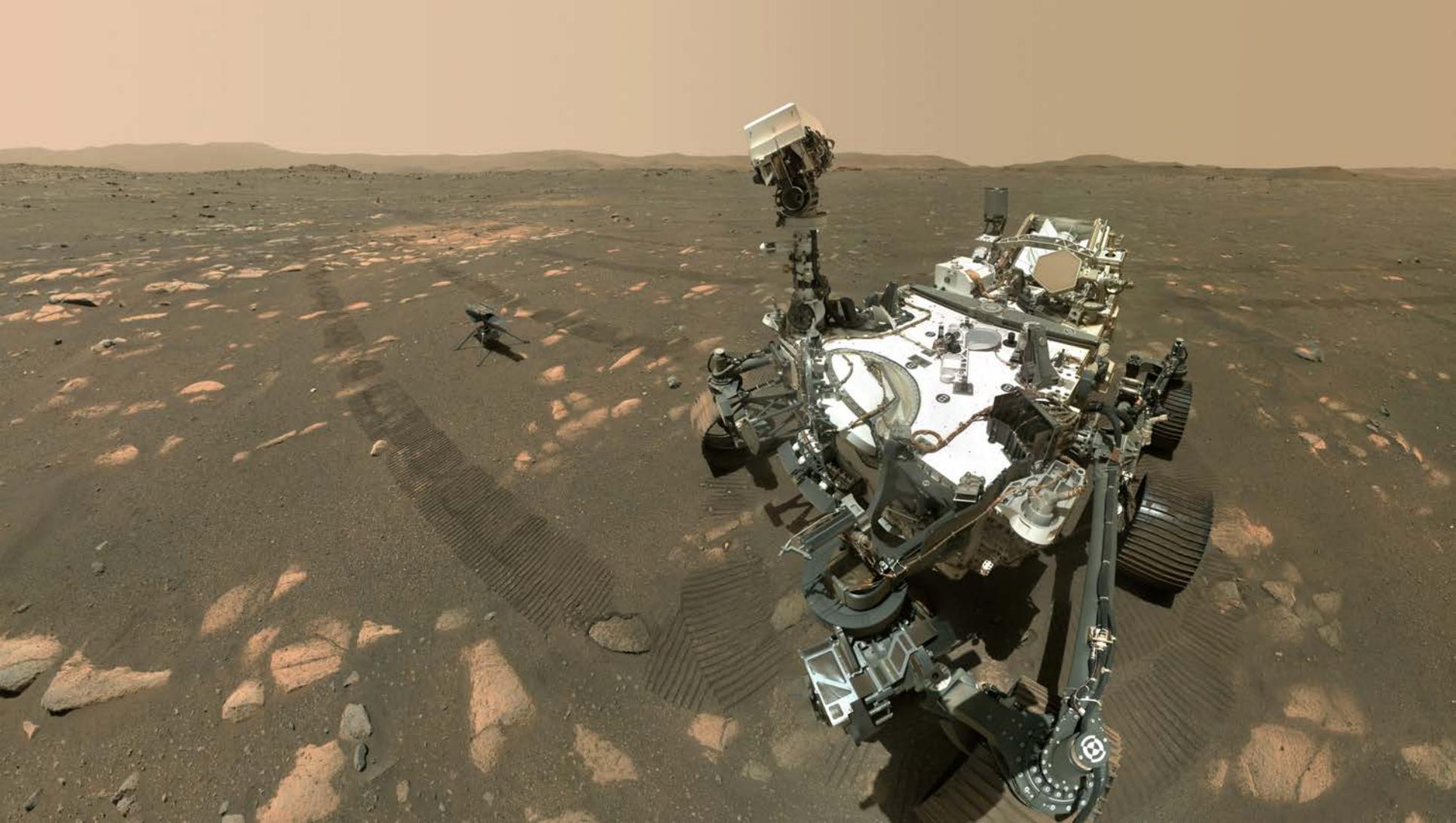


NASA/JPL-Caltech/MSSS/ASU



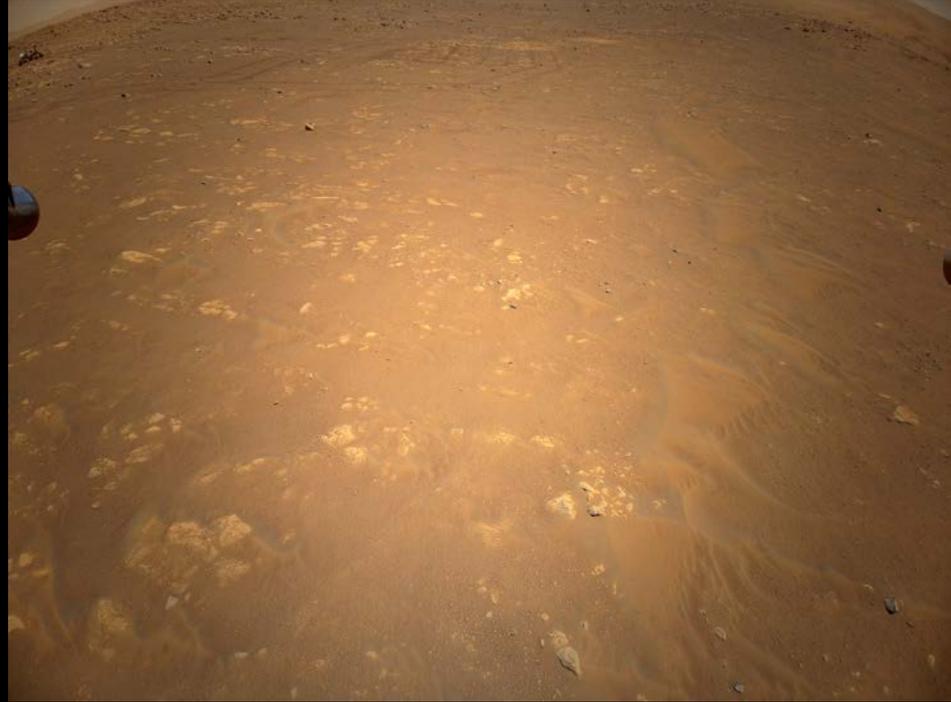
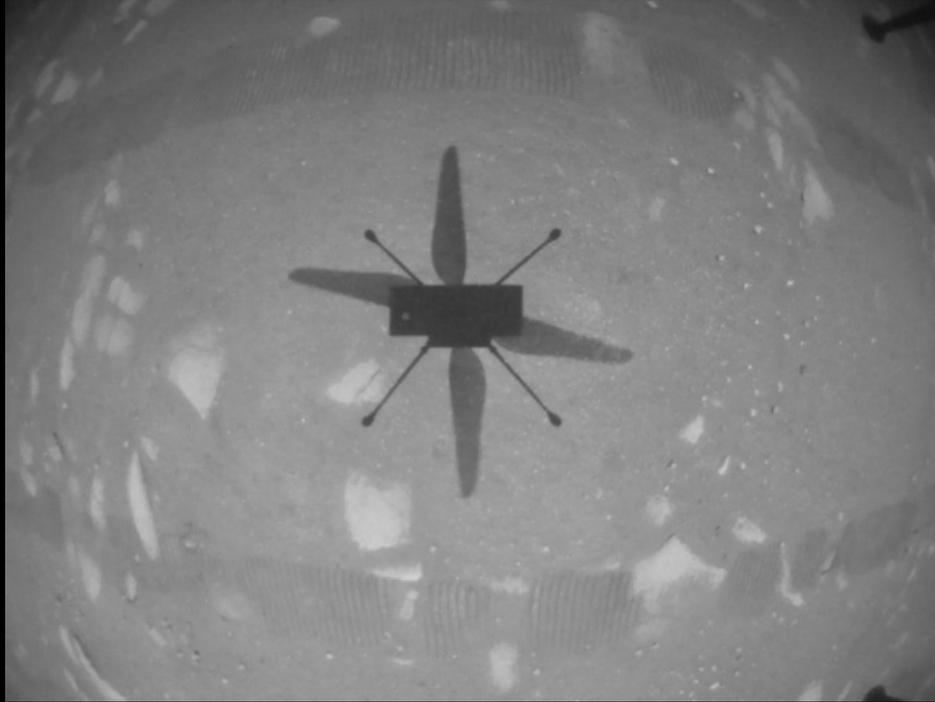
Landed 18 February 2021
Mastcam-Z images
NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS







Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS



NASA/JPL-Caltech

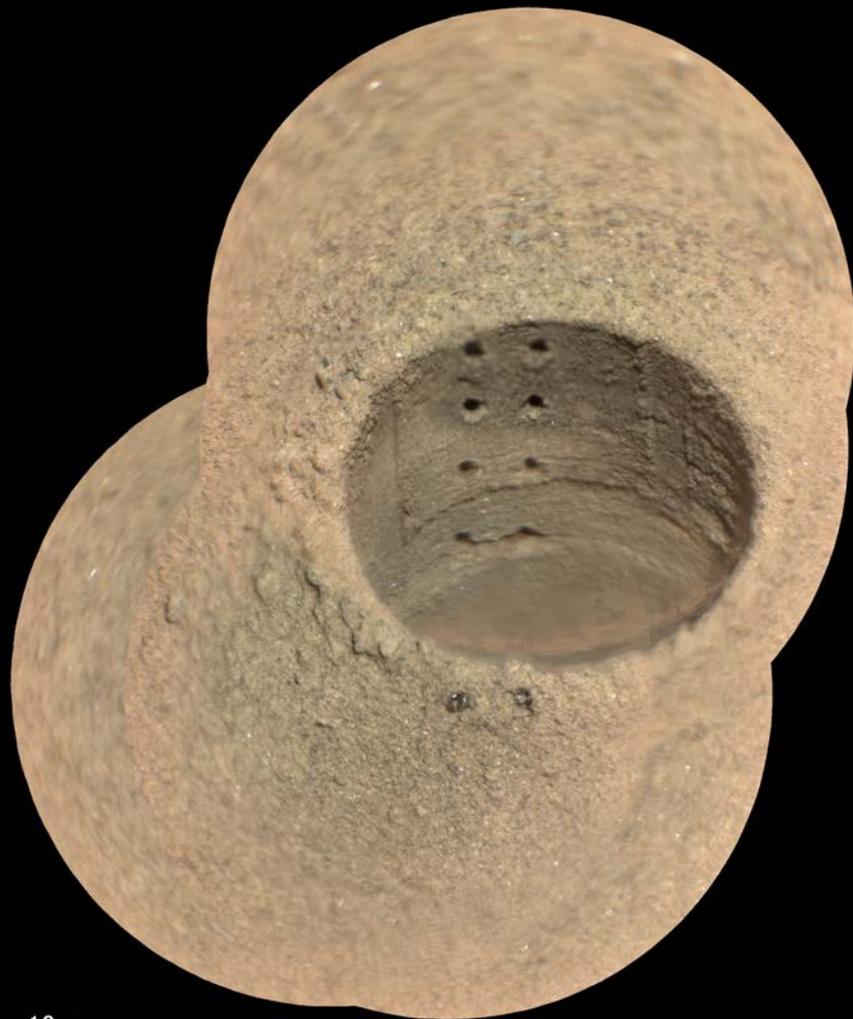


NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS



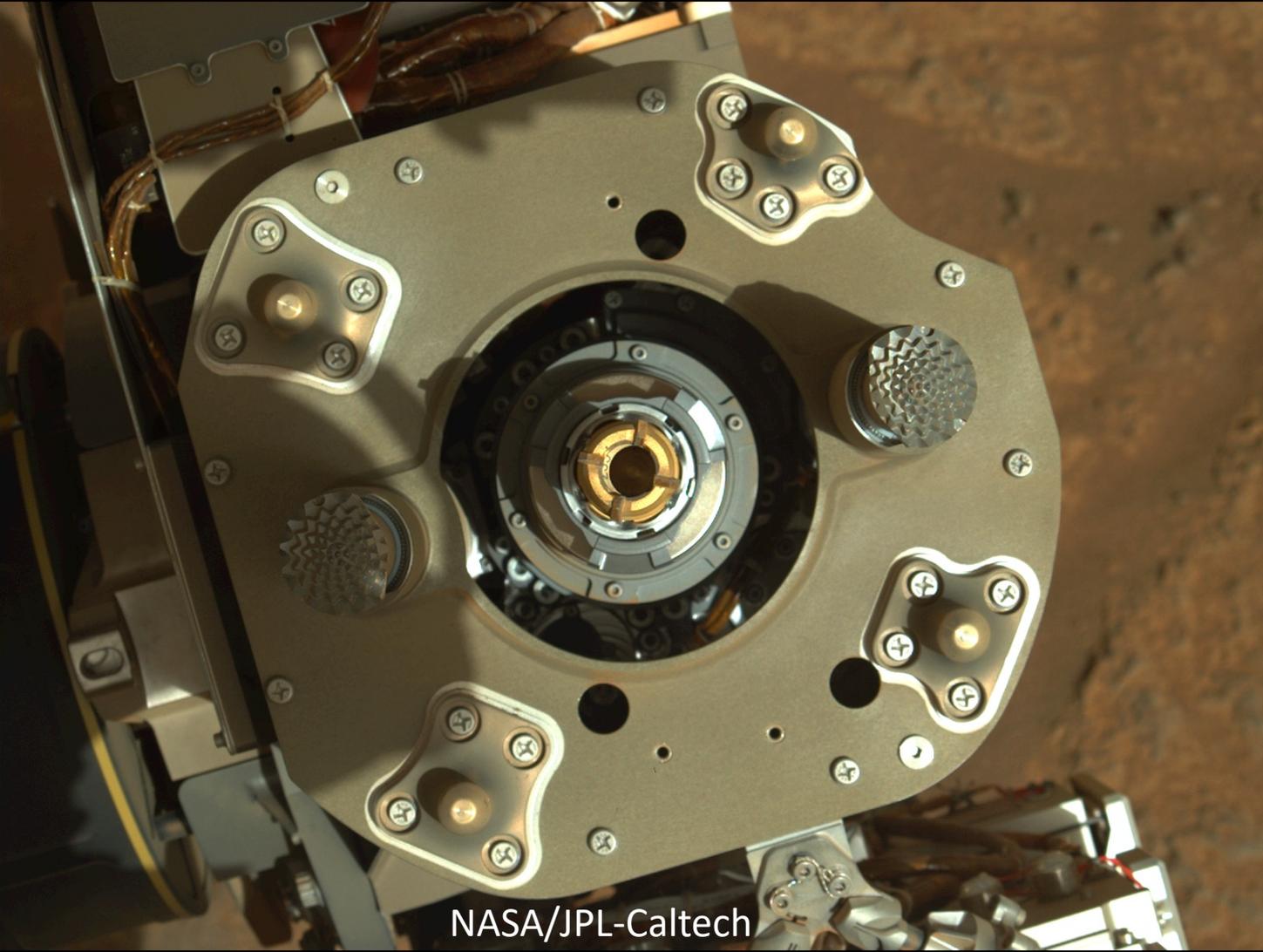
'Paver rocks' NASA/JPL-Caltech



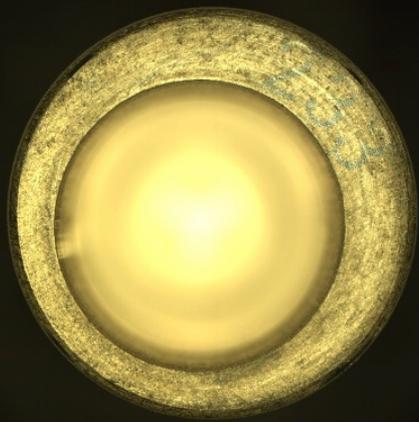


10mm

NASA/JPL-Caltech/LANL/CNES/IRAP



NASA/JPL-Caltech





Octavia E.
Butler Landing

Séitah

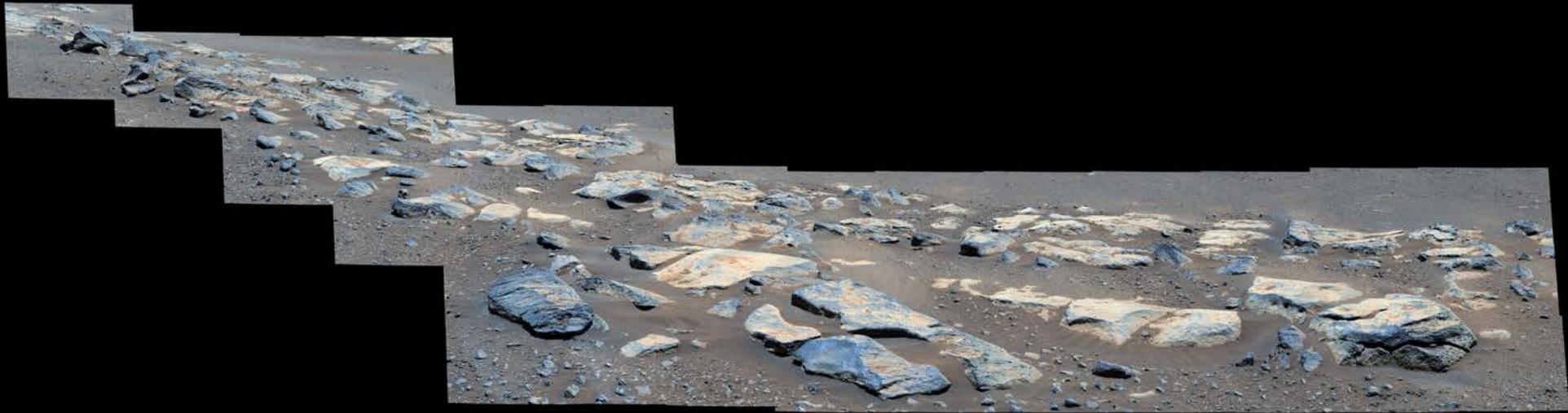
Artuby Ridge

Citadelle

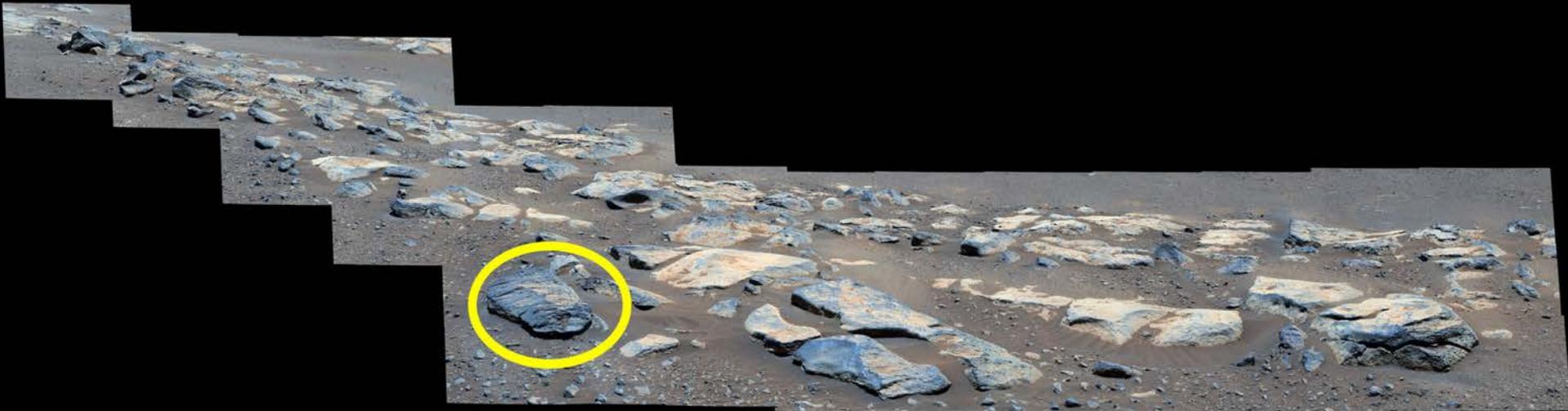
Roubion

200
METERS

NASA/JPL-Caltech/University of Arizona/USGS



NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS



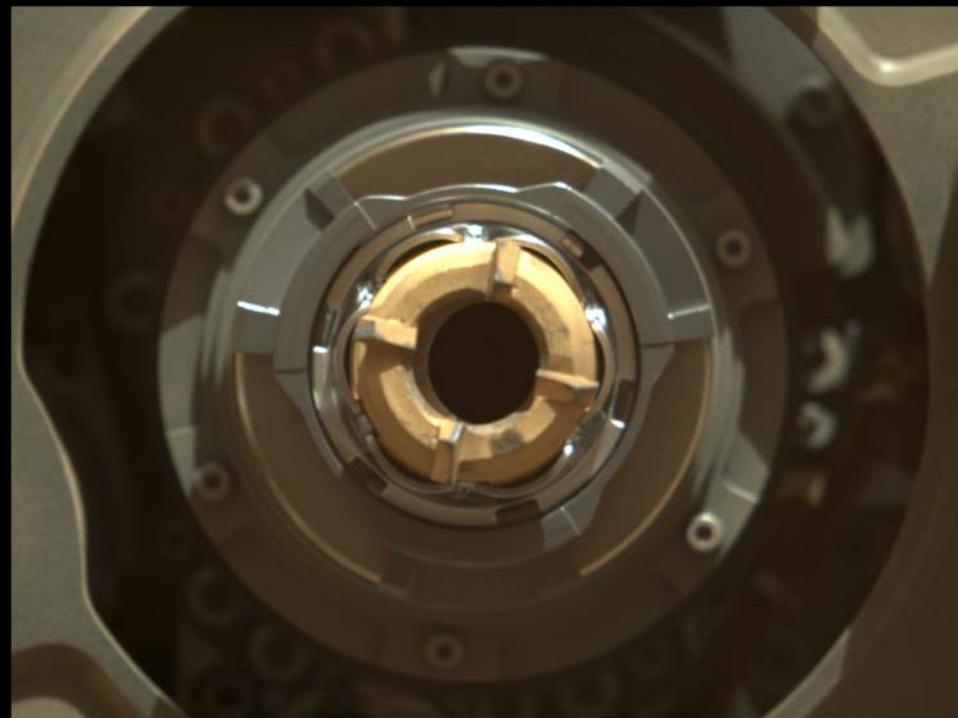
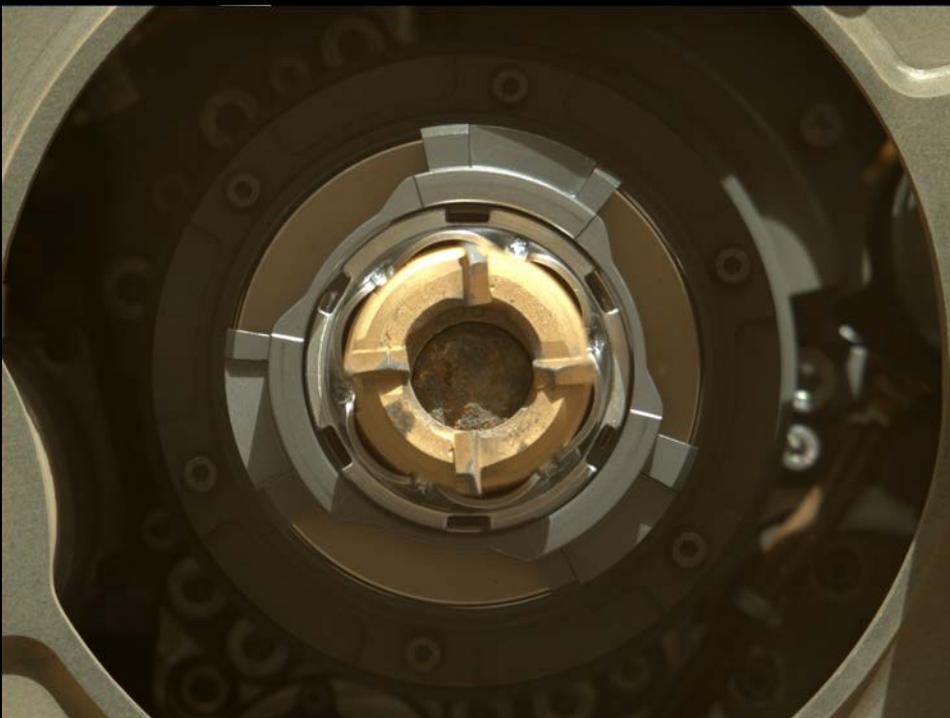
NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS



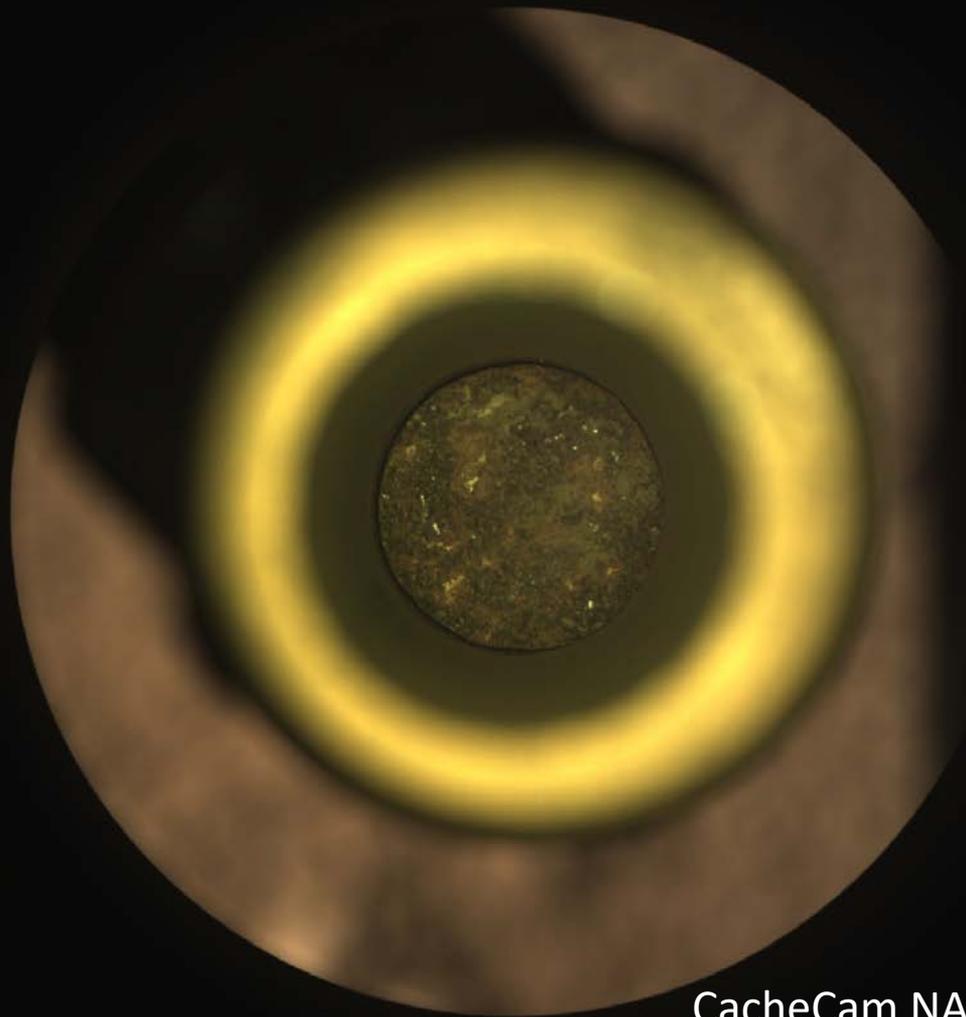
'Rochette' NASA/JPL-Caltech



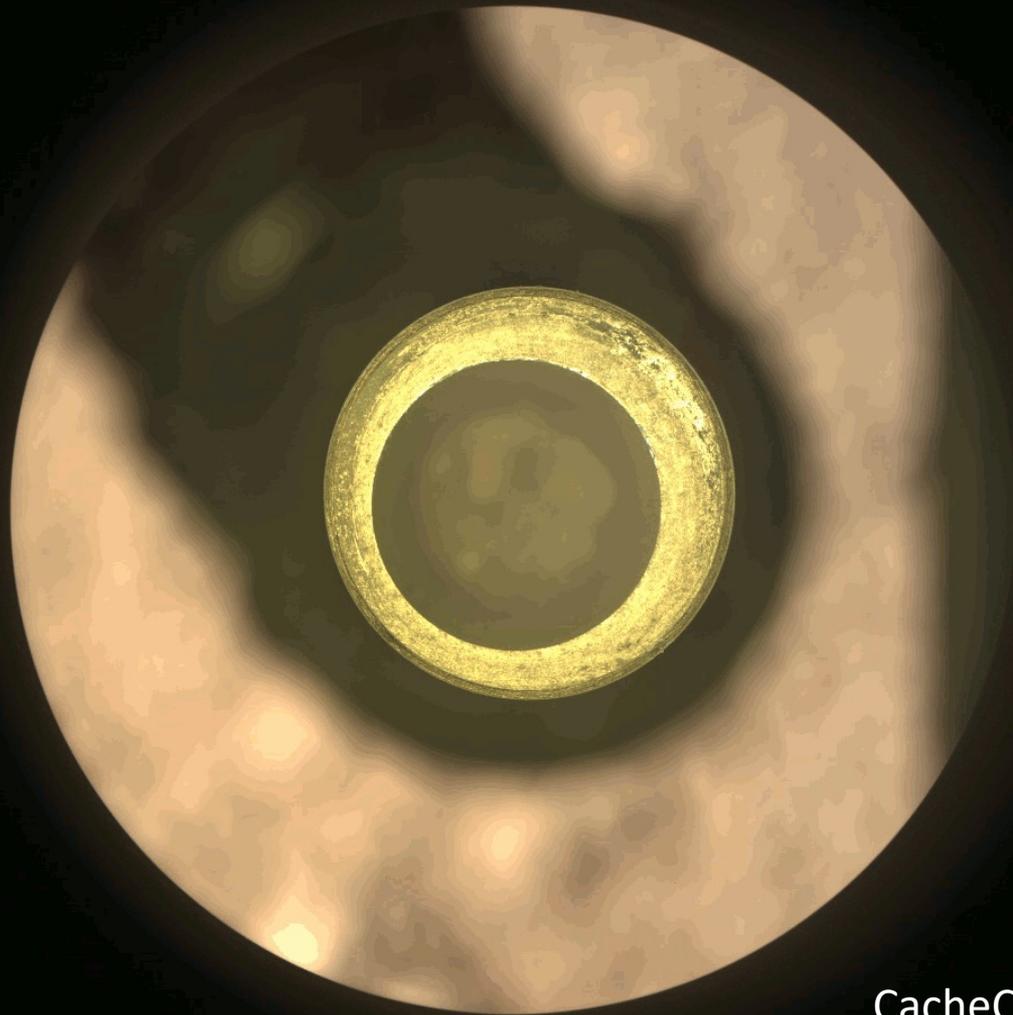




Before and after 'processing' NASA/JPL-Caltech/ASU/MSSS



CacheCam NASA/JPL-Caltech

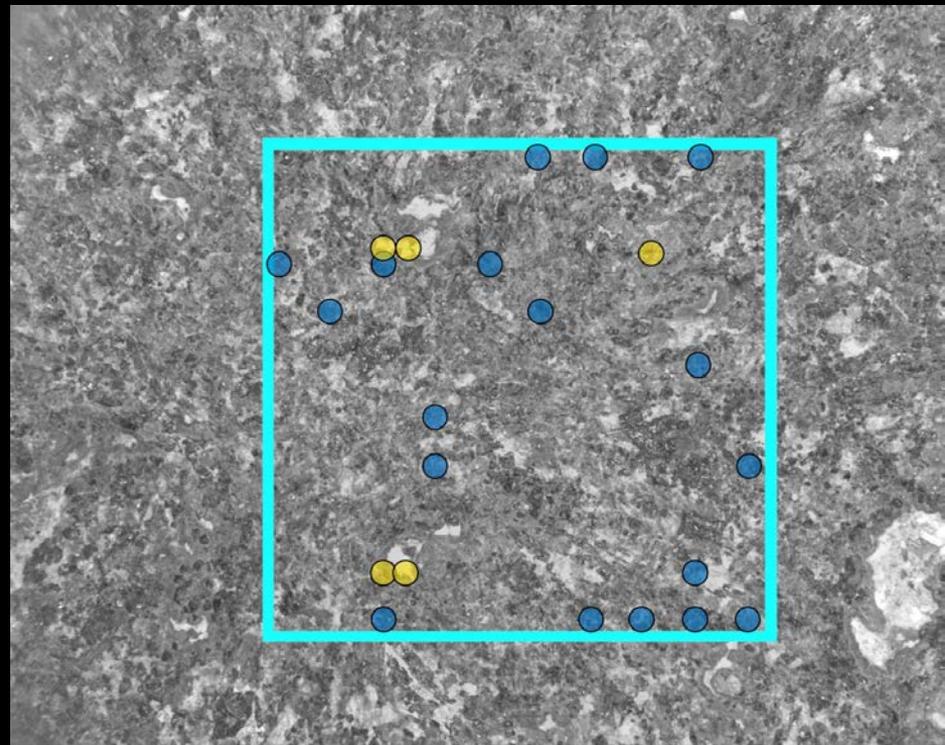


CacheCam NASA/JPL-Caltech

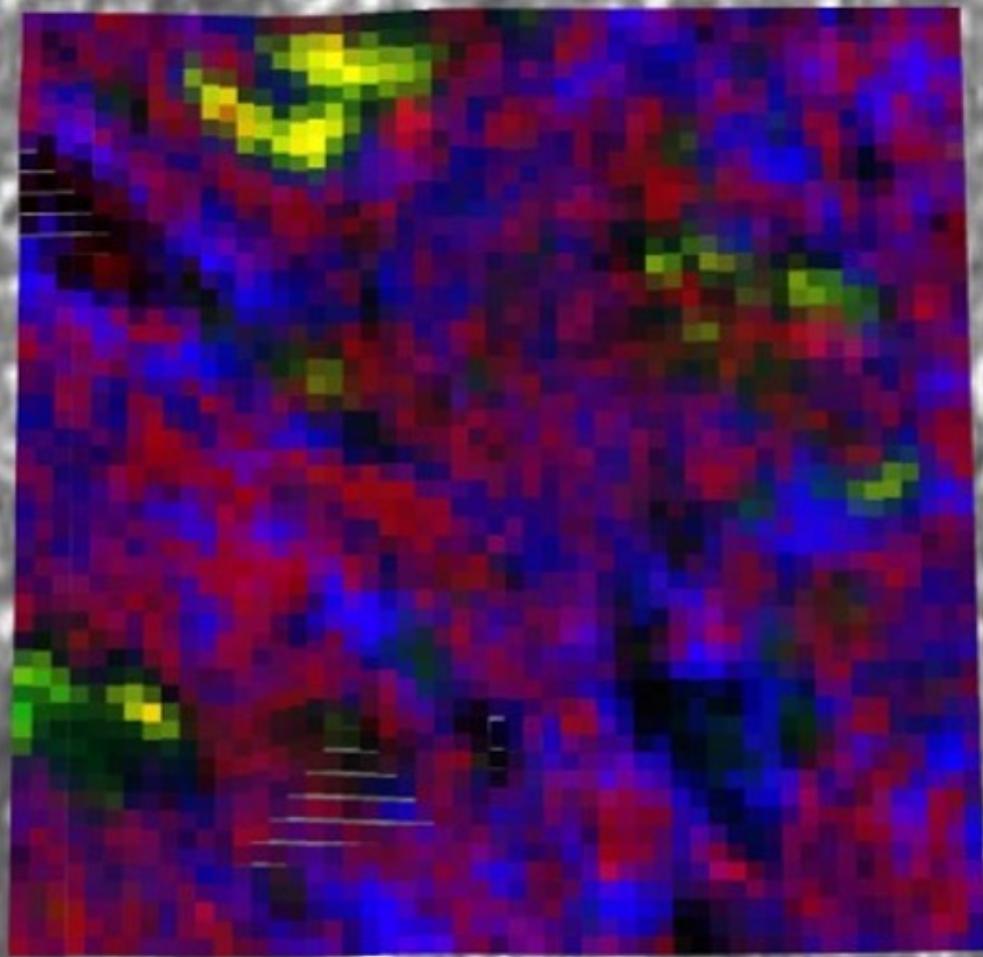


NASA/JPL-Caltech

Before & after sealing NASA/JPL-Caltech



WATSON (L) and SHERLOC (R) at Bellegarde – sulphates, phosphates
JPL-Caltech/MSSS/LANL/Photon Systems/CIW/University of Pittsburgh



PIXL NASA/JPL/Caltech/DTU/WSU/QUT



NASA/JPL-Caltech



'Montagnac' (7 Sep) and 'Montdenier' (1 Sep) drill holes, taken 7 Sep
NASA/JPL-Caltech



NASA/JPL-Caltech



Octavia E.
Butler Landing

Séitah

Artuby Ridge

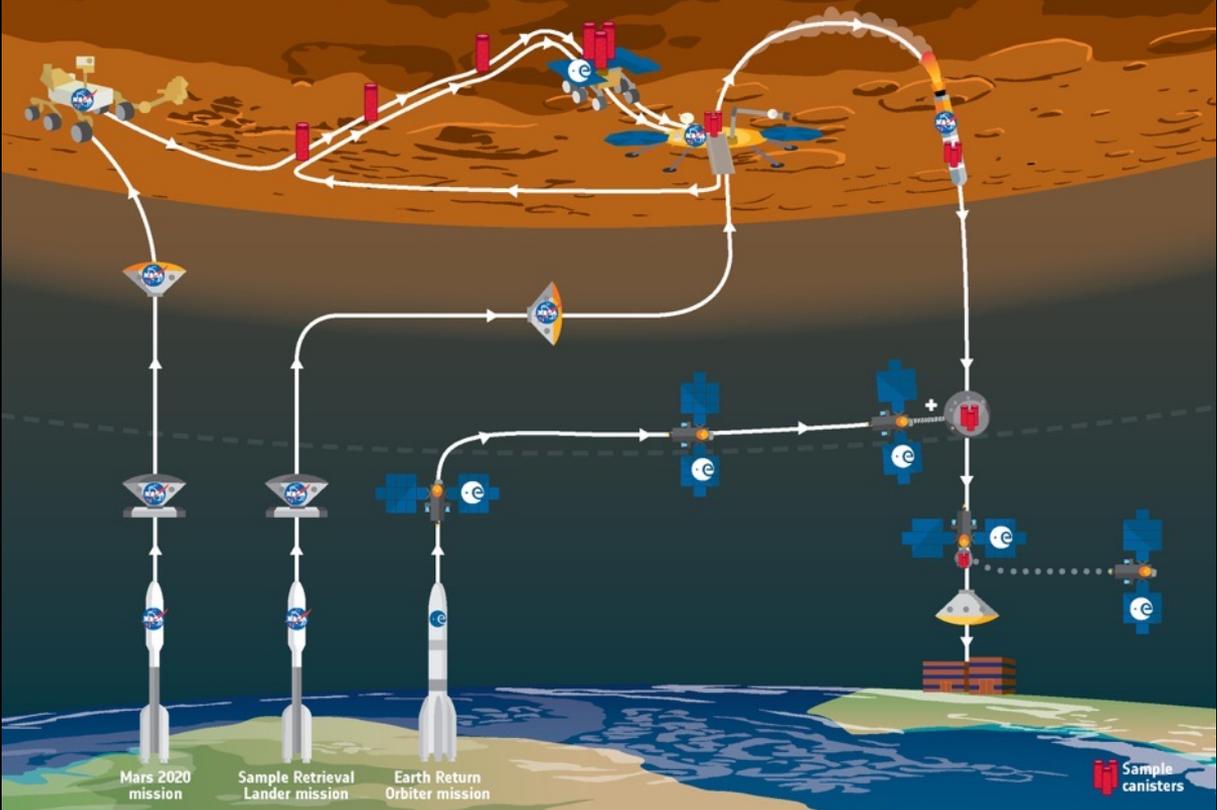
Citadelle

Roubion

200
METERS

NASA/JPL-Caltech/University of Arizona/USGS

→ MARS SAMPLE RETURN



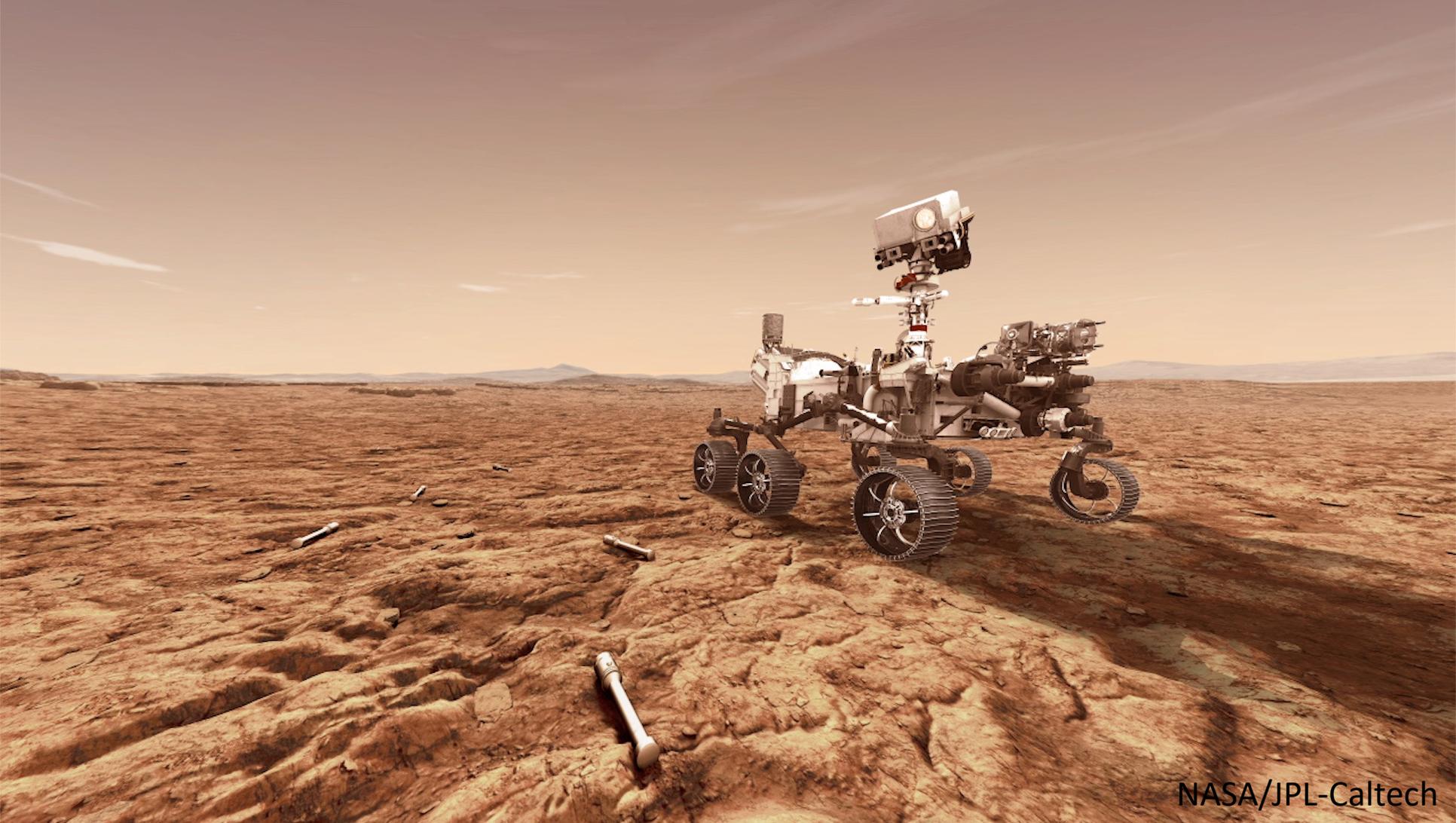
Mars 2020 mission

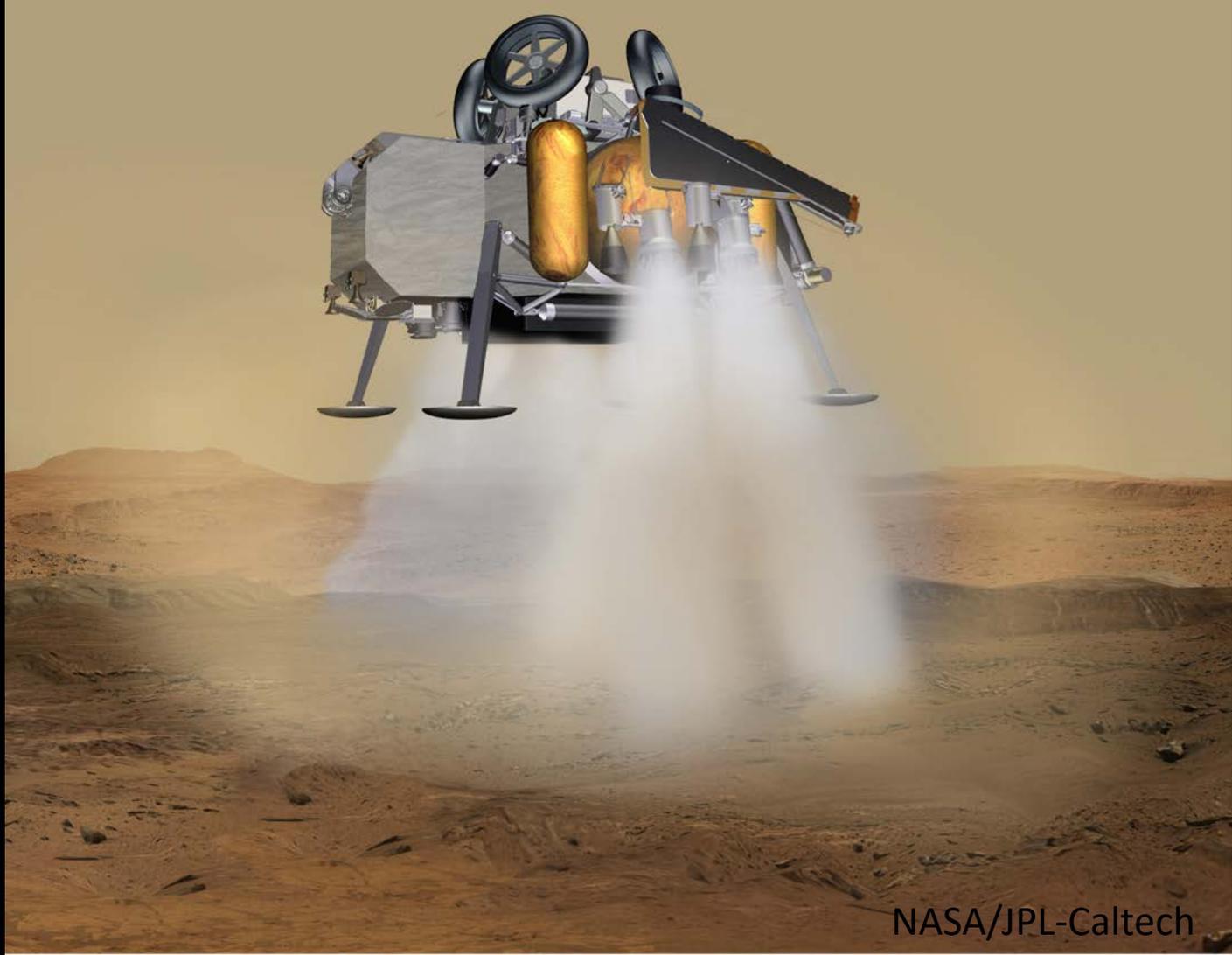
Sample Retrieval Lander mission

Earth Return Orbiter mission

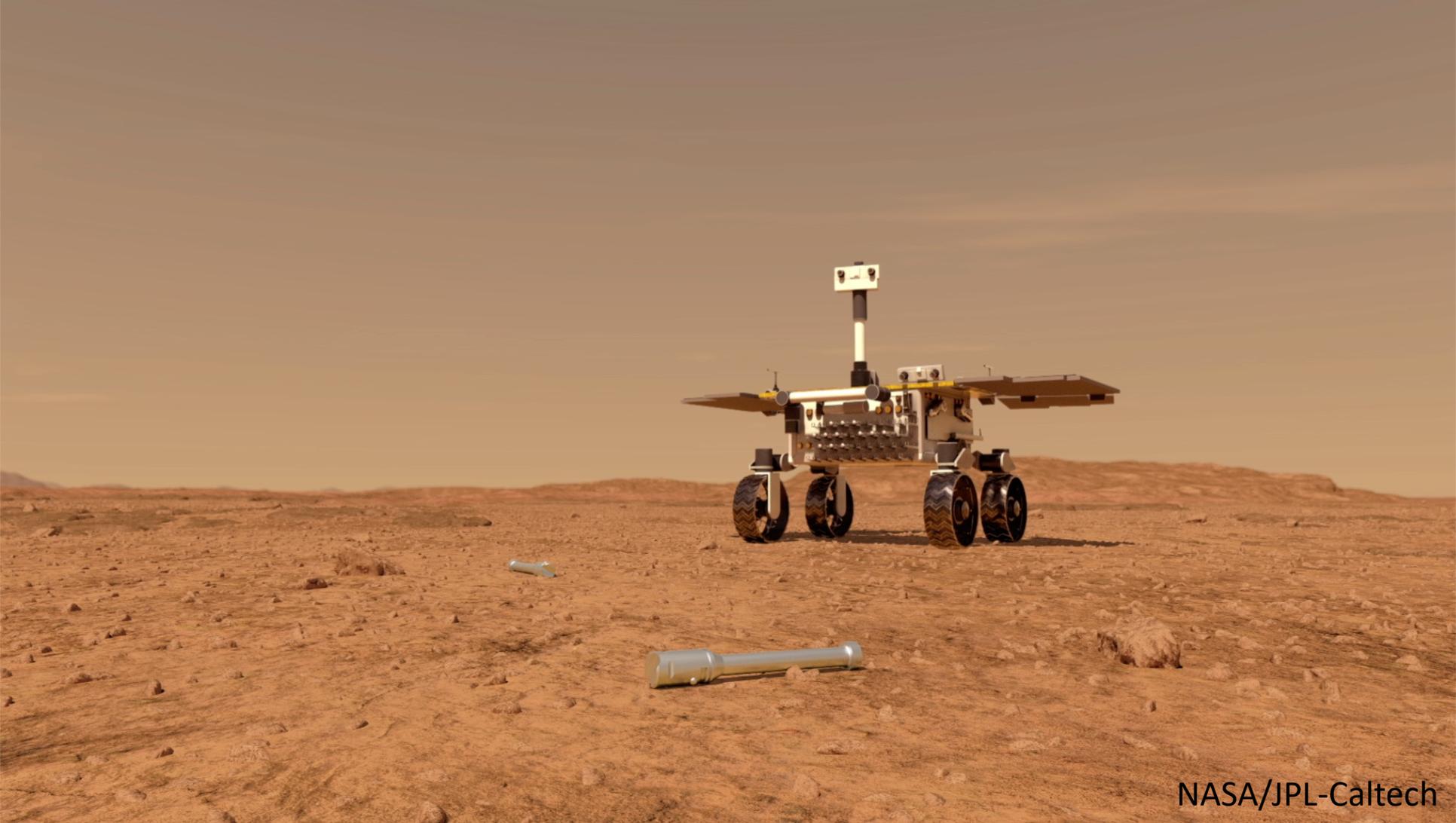
Sample canisters

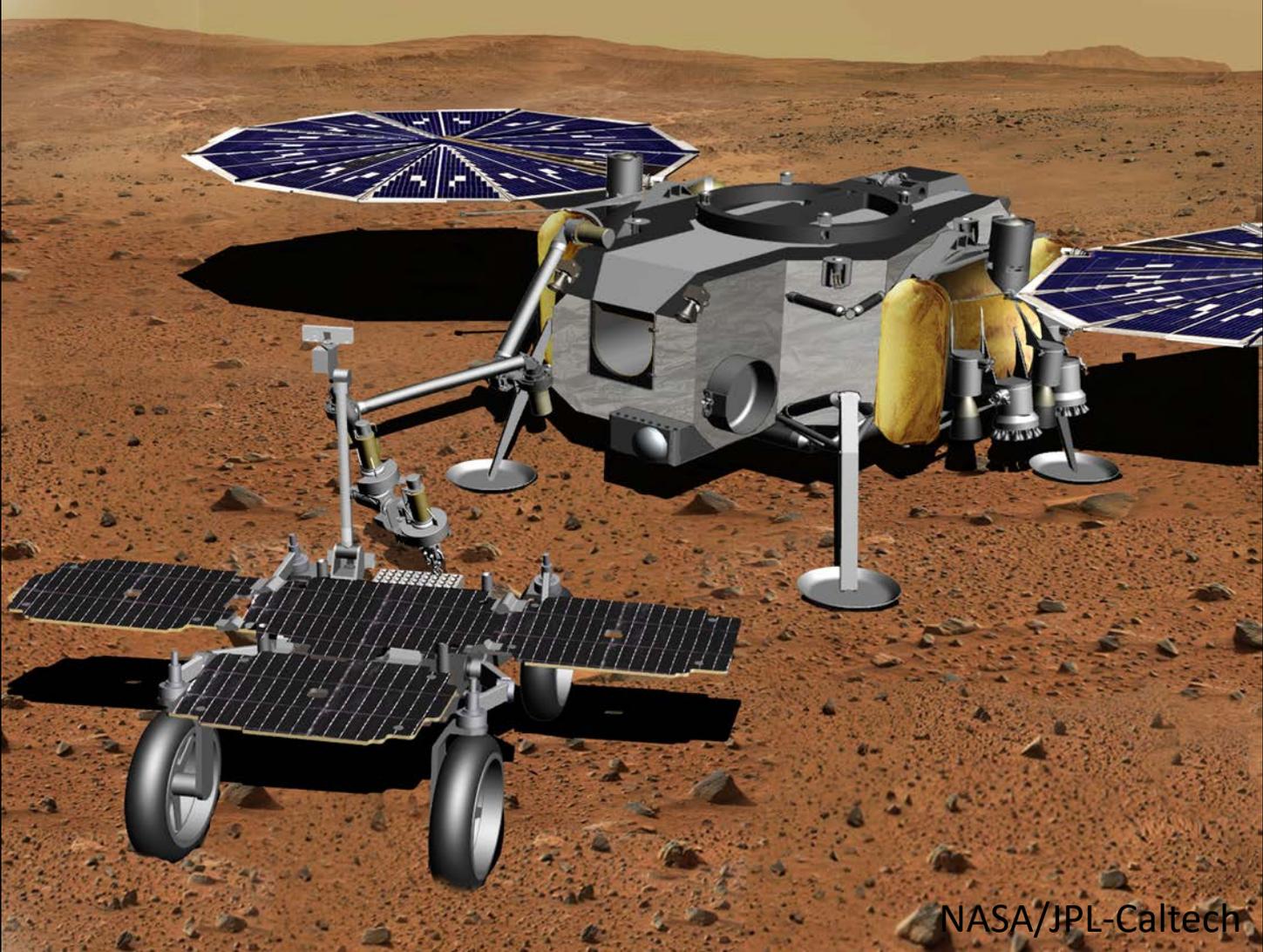
#ToMarsAndBack #ExploreFarther



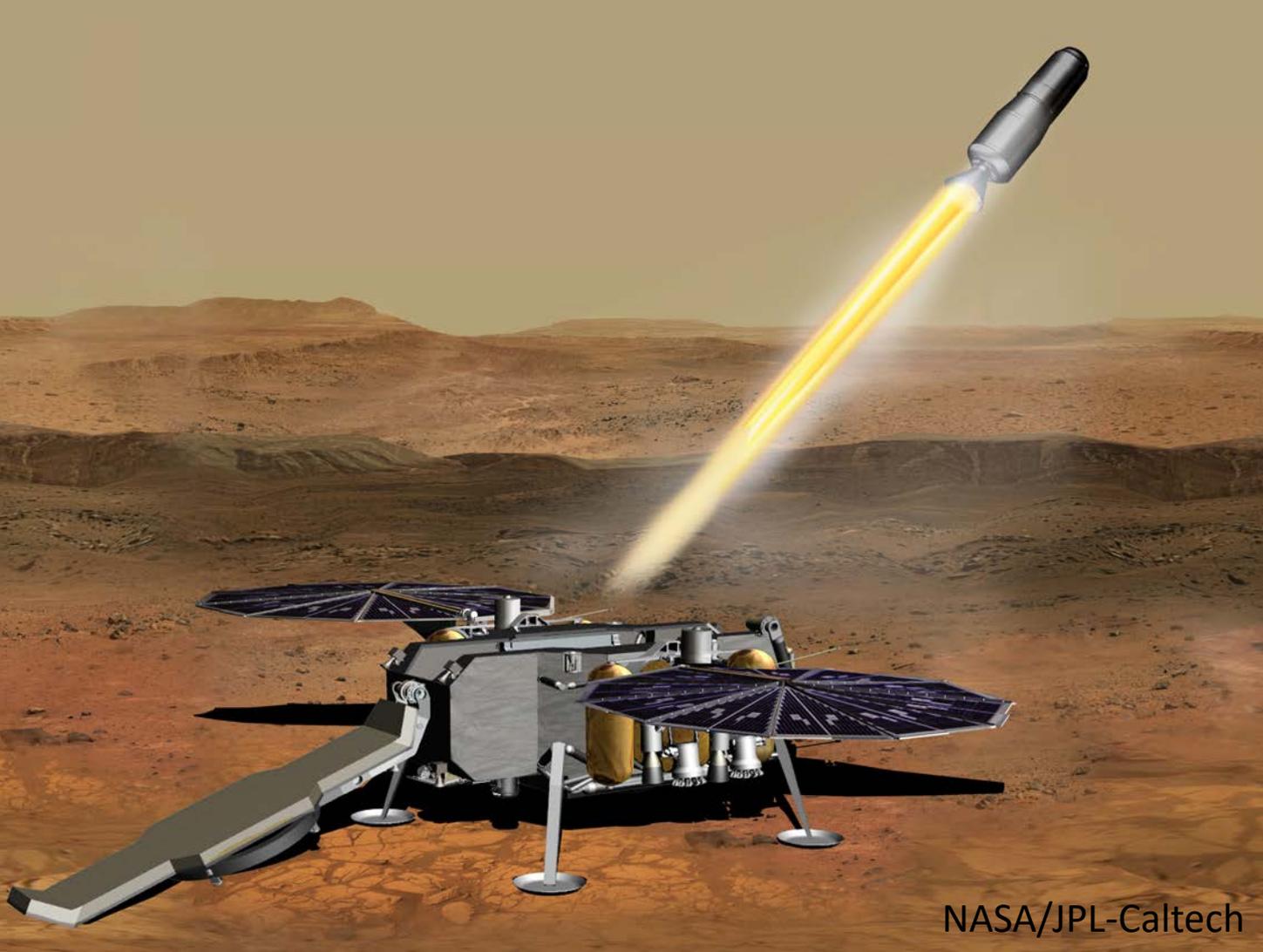


NASA/JPL-Caltech

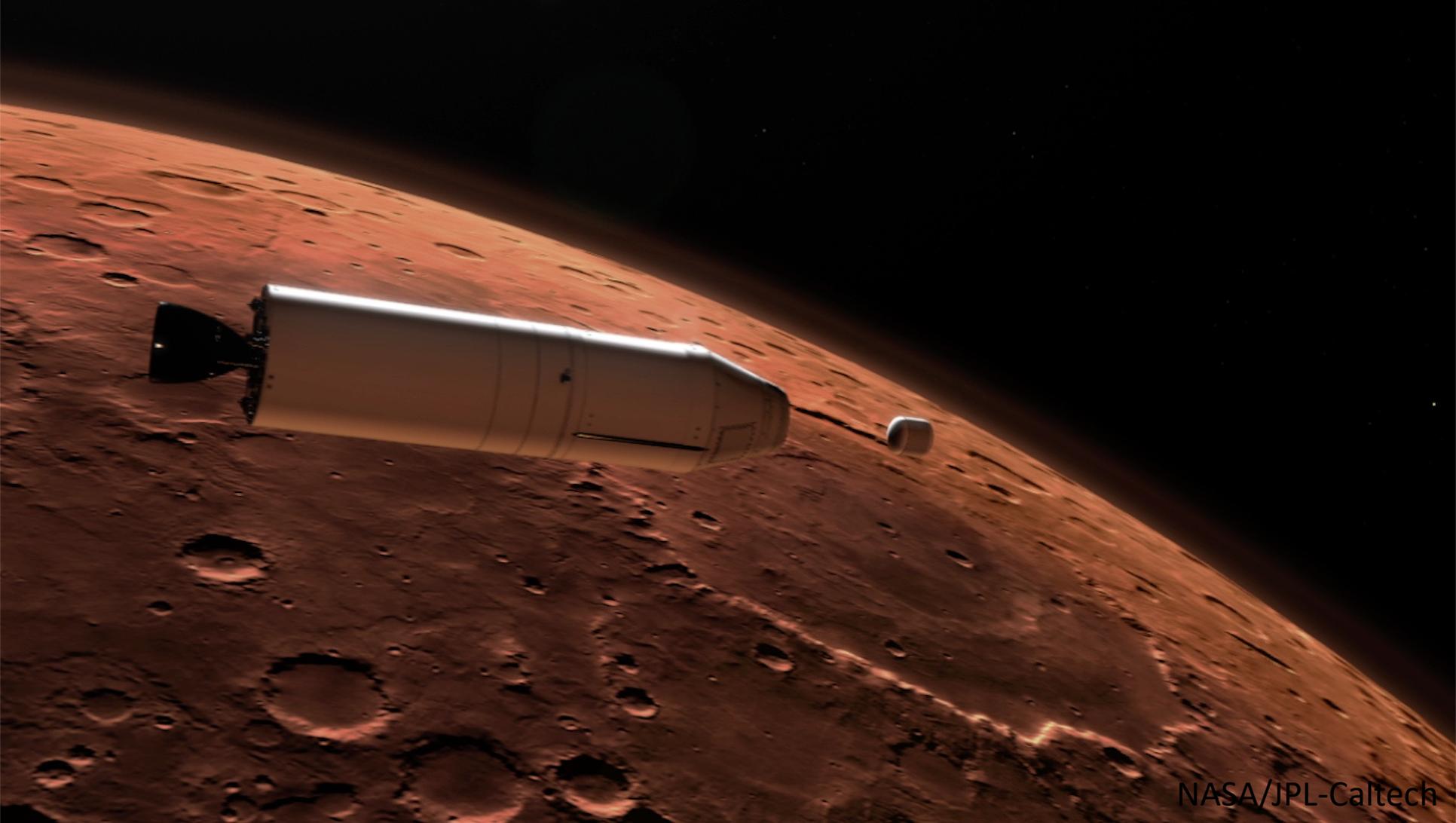




NASA/JPL-Caltech

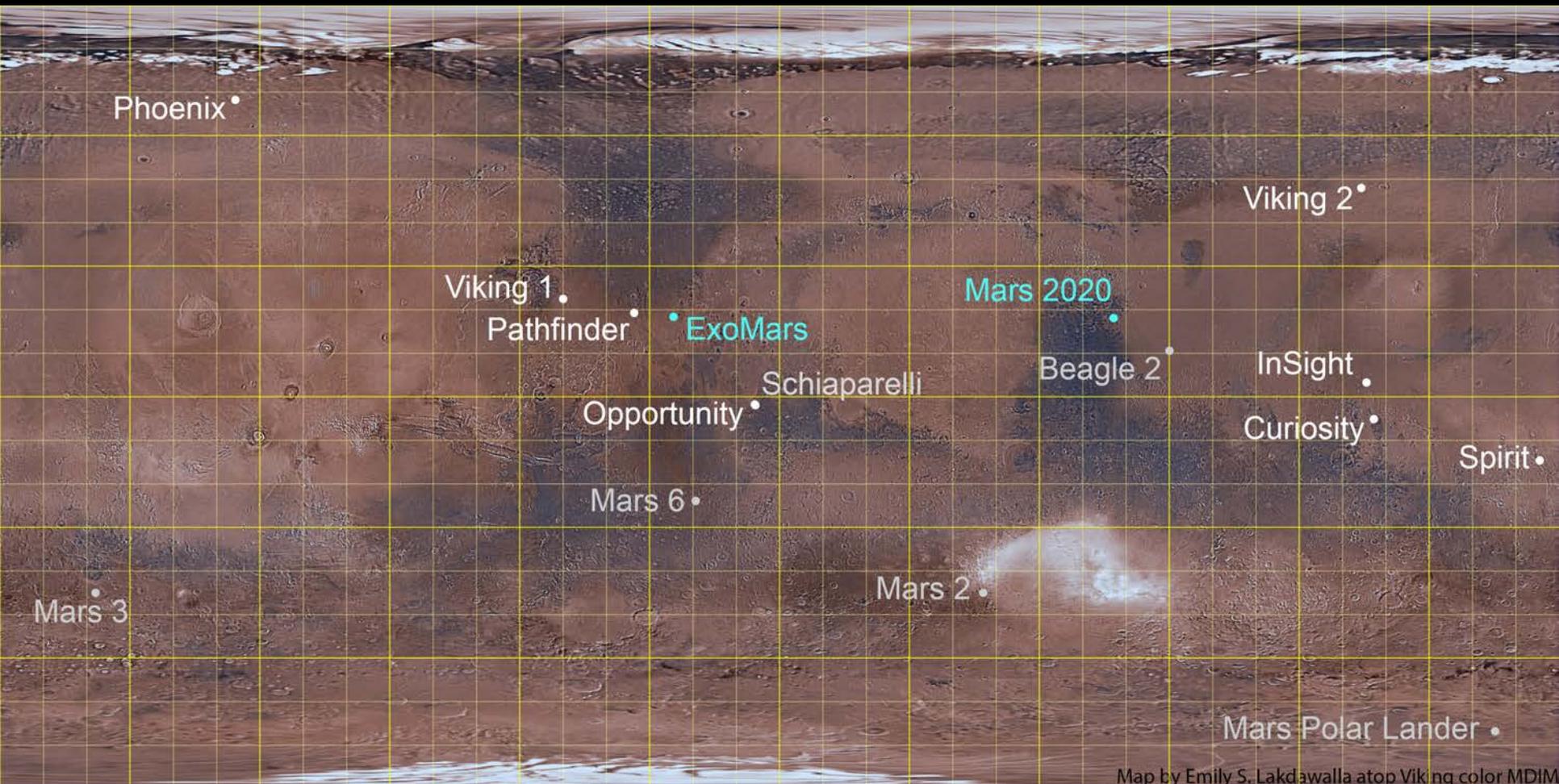


NASA/JPL-Caltech





Diamond – Harwell campus



Map by Emily S. Lakdawalla atop Viking color MDIM



PanCam

Wide-angle stereo camera pair
High-resolution camera

WAC: 35° FOV, HRC: 5° FOV

*Geological context
Rover traverse planning
Atmospheric studies*



ISEM

IR spectrometer on mast

$\lambda = 1.15 - 3.3 \mu\text{m}$, 1° FOV

*Bulk mineralogy of outcrops
Target selection*



WISDOM

Ground-penetrating radar

3 – 5-m penetration, 2-cm resolution

*Mapping of subsurface
stratigraphy*



ADRON

Passive neutron detector

*Mapping of subsurface water
and hydrated minerals*



CLUPI

Close-up imager

20- μm resolution at 50-cm distance, focus: 20 cm to ∞

*Geological deposition environment
Microtexture of rocks
Morphological biomarkers*

eDrill + Ma_MISS

In-situ mineralogy information

IR borehole spectrometer

$\lambda = 0.4 - 2.2 \mu\text{m}$



Analytical Laboratory Drawer



MicrOmega

VIS + IR spectrometer

*Mineralogy characterisation
of crushed sample material
Painting for other instruments*

$\lambda = 0.9 - 3.5 \mu\text{m}$, 256 x 256, 20- μm /pixel, 500 steps



RLS

Raman spectrometer

*Geochemical composition
Detection of organic pigments*

spectral shift range 200–3800 cm^{-1} , resolution $\leq 6 \text{ cm}^{-1}$



MOMA

LDMS + Pyr-Dev GCMS

*Broad-range organic molecules
with high sensitivity (ppb)
Chirality determination*

Laser desorption extraction and mass spectroscopy

Pyrolysis extraction in the presence of derivatisation agents, coupled with chiral gas chromatography, and mass spectroscopy



The Rosalind Franklin rover

Looking for life on Mars
Launch 21 Sep 2022
Lands 10 June 2023
Drills up to 2m under
surface
Context & analytical
instruments





Why Rosalind Franklin?

- Brilliant X-ray crystallographer
- Photograph (Photo 51) of a fibre of DNA
- Critical to Watson and Crick's discovery of the double helix
- Other important work on structure of carbon, viruses

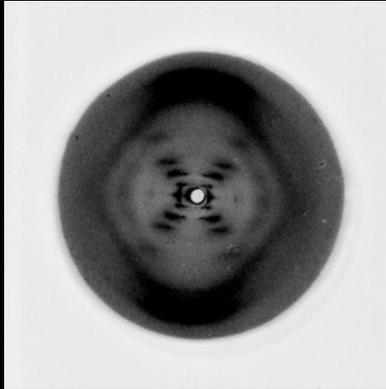
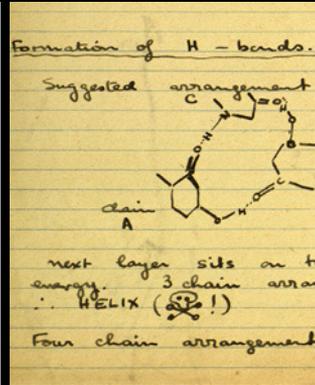
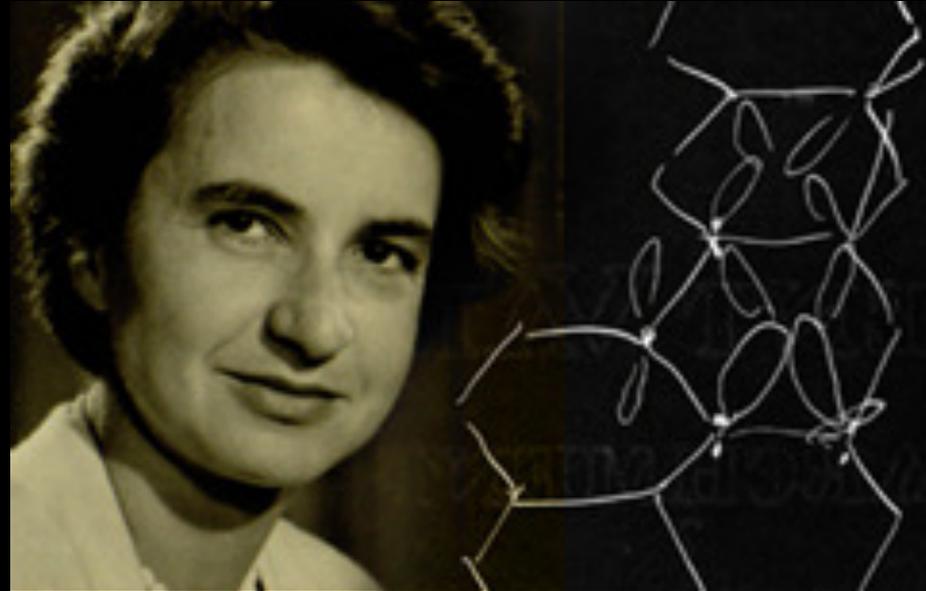


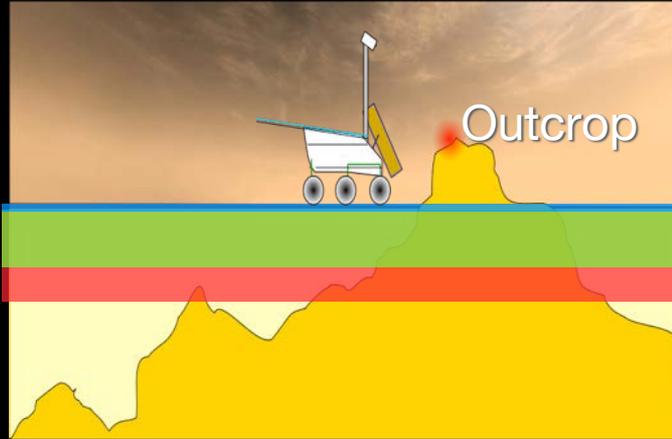
Photo 51



Working notes on DNA



Wellcome library



Penetration of Organic Destructive Agents

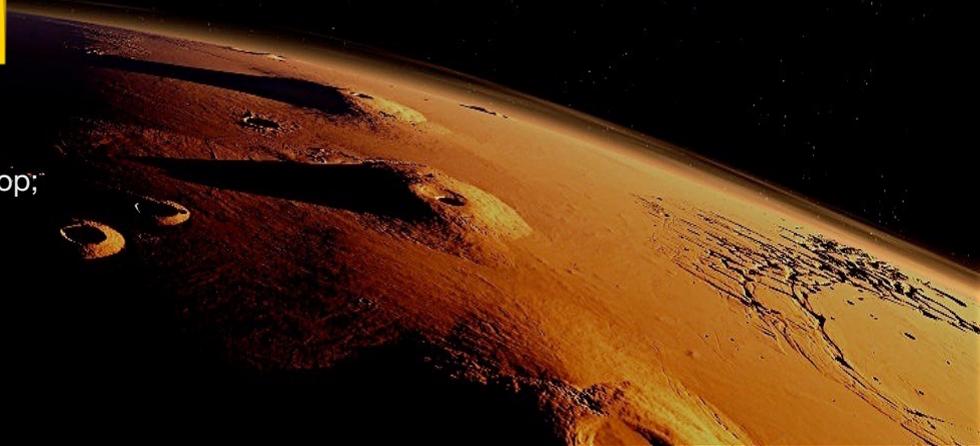
UV radiation ~ 1 mm

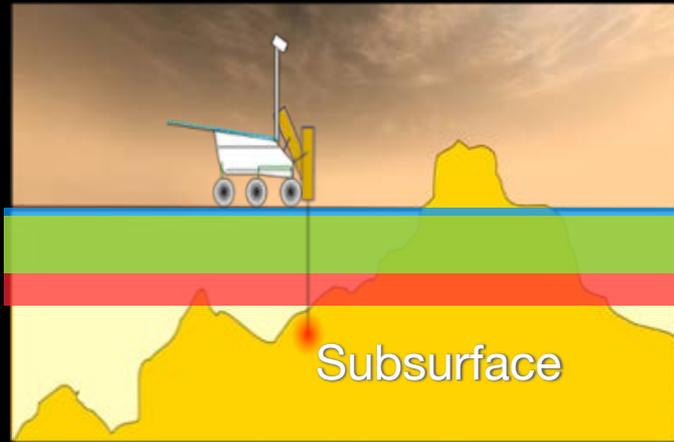
Oxidants ~ 1 m

Ionising radiation ~ 1.5 m

ExoMars exobiology strategy:

- Identify and study the appropriate type of outcrop;





Penetration of Organic Destructive Agents

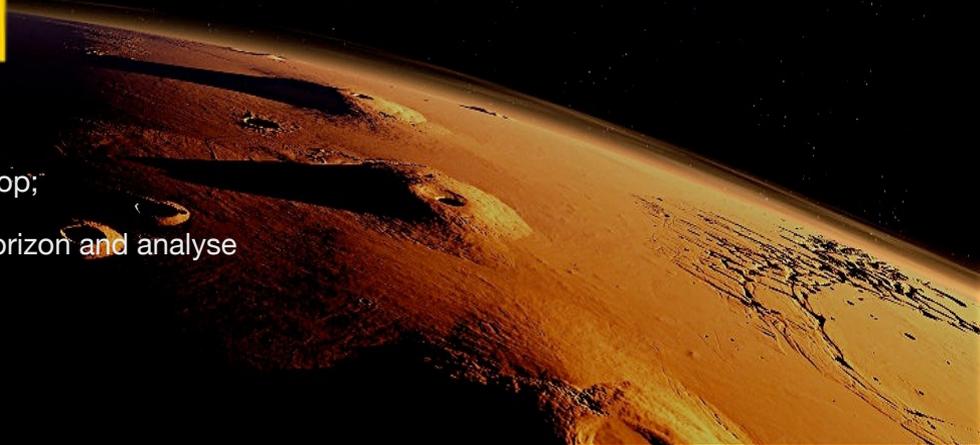
UV radiation ~ 1 mm

Oxidants ~ 1 m

Ionising radiation ~ 1.5 m

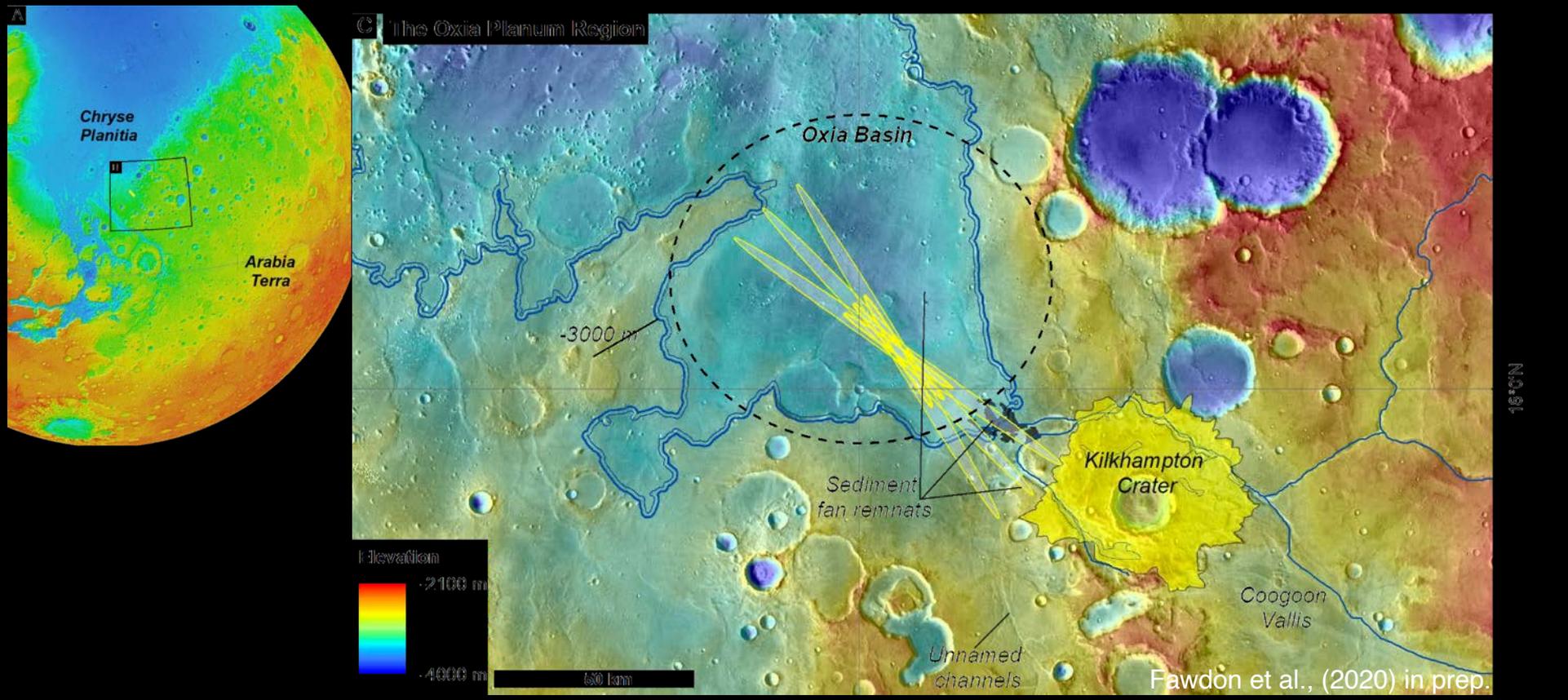
ExoMars exobiology strategy:

- ▶ Identify and study the appropriate type of outcrop;
- ▶ Collect samples below the degradation horizon and analyse them.



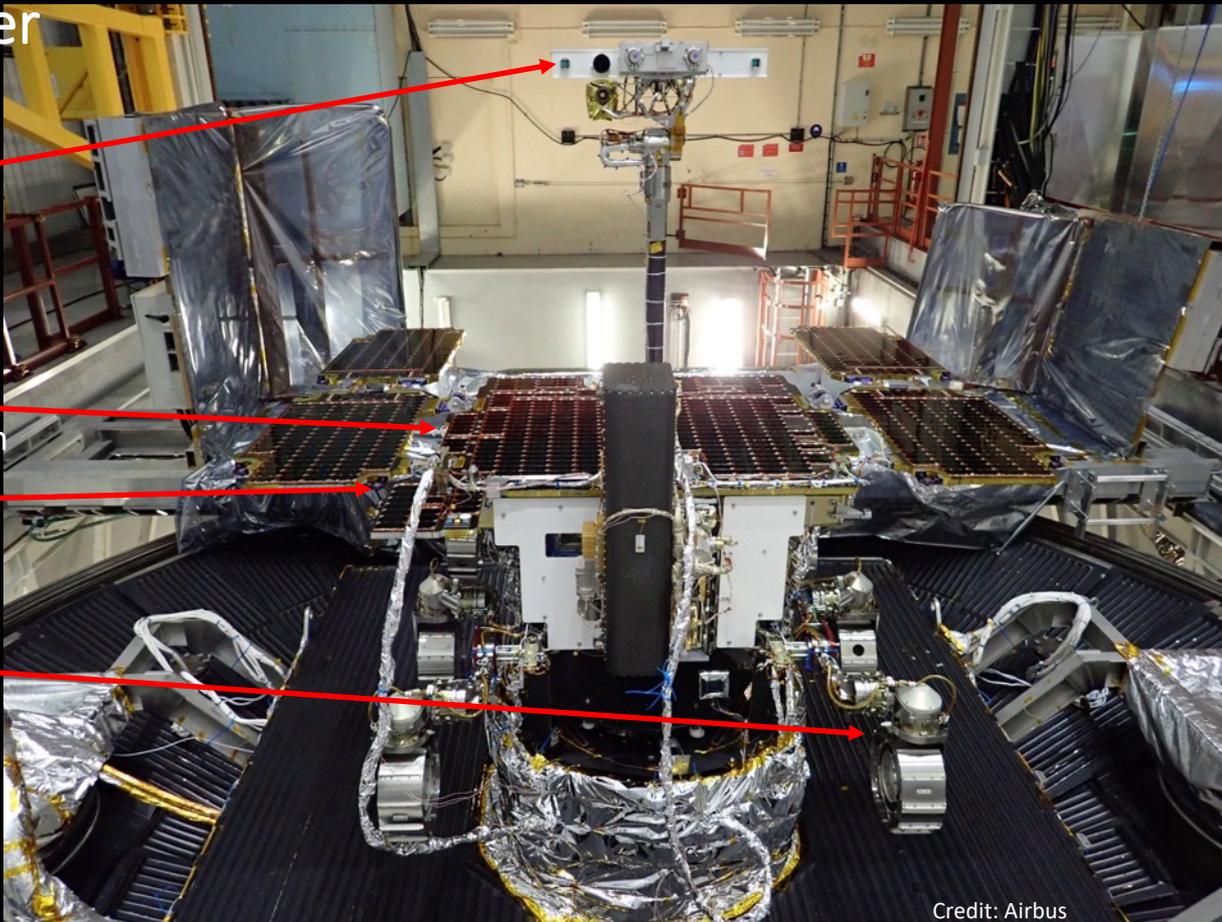
Rosalind Franklin landing site - Oxia Planum

- Clay bearing rocks 3.9 bya
- Remnants of a fan or delta near the outlet of Coogoon Vallis



PanCam on the rover

Optical bench



Fiducial markers

Calibration target

Rover inspection mirror



@exomarspancam

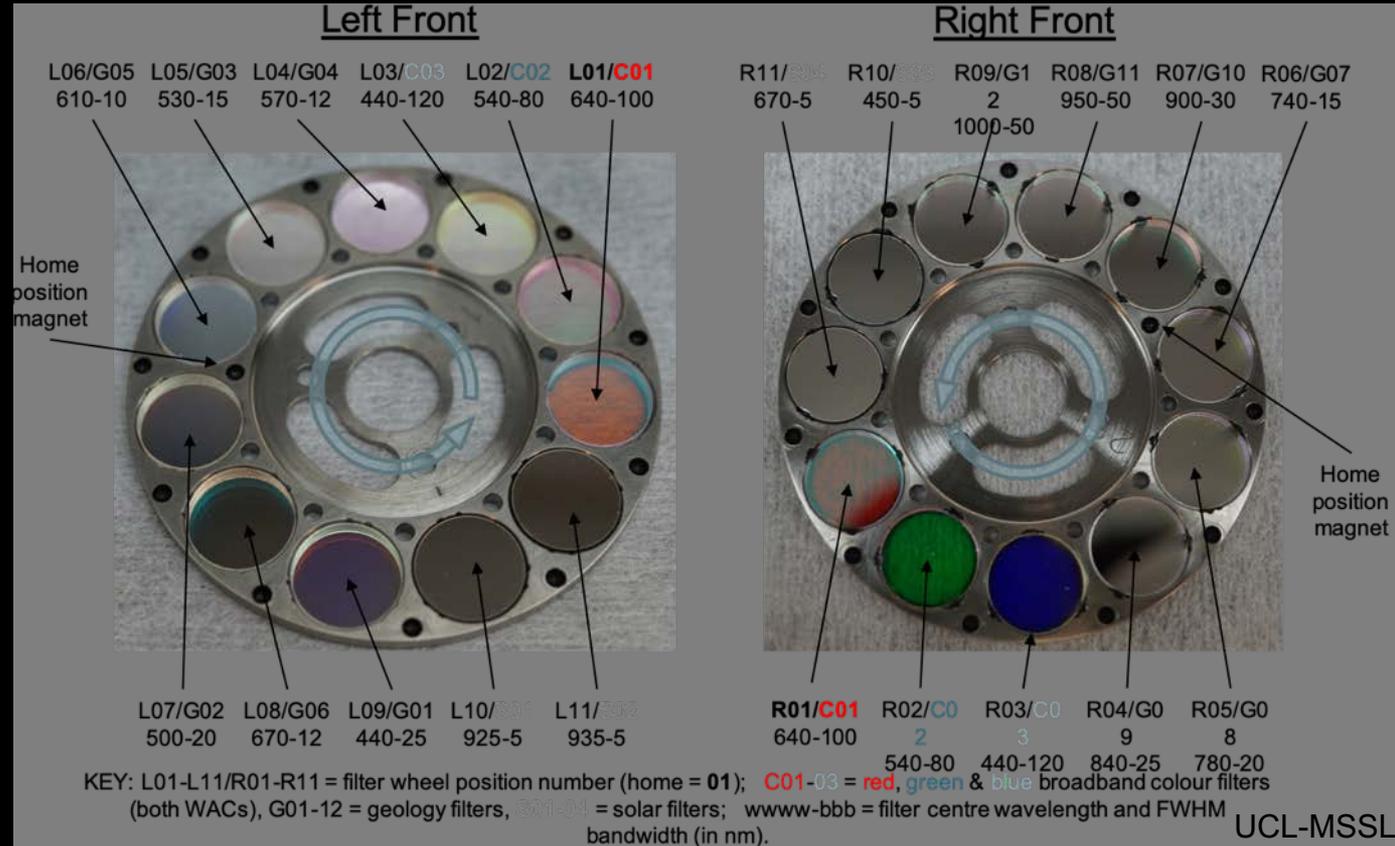


Credit: Airbus



PanCam's filters

- 11 on each WAC
- **Geology** – water-rich minerals
- **Atmosphere** – water vapour
- Colour HRC provides rock texture





Summary

Golden age of Mars exploration

Hope, Tianwen-1 & Zhurong, Perseverance & Ingenuity arrived in 2021

2 samples (~6 cm) cached already for Mars Sample Return (2026-31)

Next year, Rosalind Franklin (ExoMars 2022) will provide an important new dimension on Mars: drill 2m under surface

a.coates@ucl.ac.uk

exploration.esa.int



@exomarspancam

